



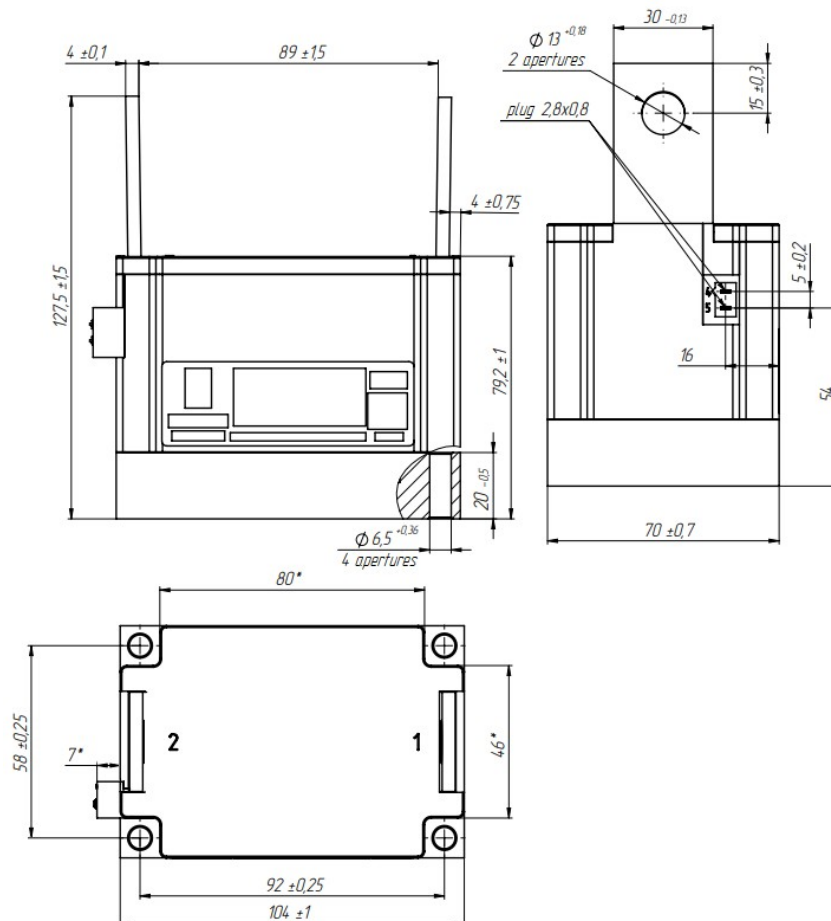
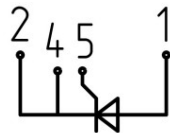
PROTON-ELECTROTEX RUSSIA

Electrically isolated base plate
Industrial standard package
Simplified mechanical design, rapid assembly
Pressure contact

Single Thyristor Module For Phase Control MT1-630-28-E2M

Maximum allowable mean on-state current			I _{TAV}		630 A	
Repetitive peak off-state voltage			V _{DRM}		2000...2800 V	
Repetitive peak reverse voltage			V _{RRM}			
Turn-off time			t _q		320 μs	
V _{DRM} , V _{RRM} , V	2000	2200	2400	2600	2800	
Voltage code	20	22	24	26	28	
T _j , °C	-50...+125					

MT1



MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE RATINGS

Symbols and parameters		Units	Values	Test conditions	
ON-STATE					
I_{TAV}	Maximum allowable mean on-state current	A	630 739	$T_c=92\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; $T_c=85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; 180° half-sine wave; 50 Hz	
I_{TRMS}	RMS on-state current	A	989	$T_c=92\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; 180° half-sine wave; 50 Hz	
I_{TSM}	Surge on-state current	kA	30.0 35.0	$T_j=T_{j\text{ max}}$ $T_j=25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	180° half-sine wave; $t_p=10\text{ ms}$; single pulse; $V_D=V_R=0\text{ V}$; Gate pulse: $I_G=2\text{ A}$; $V_G=20\text{ V}$; $t_{GP}=500\text{ }\mu\text{s}$; $di_G/dt=1\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$
			32.0 37.0	$T_j=T_{j\text{ max}}$ $T_j=25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	180° half-sine wave; $t_p=8.3\text{ ms}$; single pulse; $V_D=V_R=0\text{ V}$; Gate pulse: $I_G=2\text{ A}$; $V_G=20\text{ V}$; $t_{GP}=500\text{ }\mu\text{s}$; $di_G/dt=1\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$
I^2t	Safety factor	$\text{A}^2\text{s}\cdot 10^3$	4500 6100	$T_j=T_{j\text{ max}}$ $T_j=25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	180° half-sine wave; $t_p=10\text{ ms}$; single pulse; $V_D=V_R=0\text{ V}$; Gate pulse: $I_G=2\text{ A}$; $V_G=20\text{ V}$; $t_{GP}=500\text{ }\mu\text{s}$; $di_G/dt=1\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$
			4200 5600	$T_j=T_{j\text{ max}}$ $T_j=25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	180° half-sine wave; $t_p=8.3\text{ ms}$; single pulse; $V_D=V_R=0\text{ V}$; Gate pulse: $I_G=2\text{ A}$; $V_G=20\text{ V}$; $t_{GP}=500\text{ }\mu\text{s}$; $di_G/dt=1\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$
BLOCKING					
V_{DRM}, V_{RRM}	Repetitive peak off-state and Repetitive peak reverse voltages	V	2000...2800	$T_{j\text{ min}} < T_j < T_{j\text{ max}}$; 180° half-sine wave; 50 Hz; Gate open	
V_{DSM}, V_{RSM}	Non-repetitive peak off-state and Non-repetitive peak reverse voltages	V	2100...2900	$T_{j\text{ min}} < T_j < T_{j\text{ max}}$; 180° half-sine wave; single pulse; Gate open	
V_D, V_R	Direct off-state and Direct reverse voltages	V	$0.6\cdot V_{DRM}$ $0.6\cdot V_{RRM}$	$T_j=T_{j\text{ max}}$; Gate open	
TRIGGERING					
I_{FGM}	Peak forward gate current	A	8	$T_j=T_{j\text{ max}}$	
V_{RGM}	Peak reverse gate voltage	V	5		
P_G	Gate power dissipation	W	4	$T_j=T_{j\text{ max}}$ for DC gate current	
SWITCHING					
$(di_T/dt)_{crit}$	Critical rate of rise of on-state current non-repetitive (f=1 Hz)	A/ μs	1600	$T_j=T_{j\text{ max}}$; $V_D=0.67\cdot V_{DRM}$; $I_{TM}=1500\text{ A}$; Gate pulse: $I_G=2\text{ A}$; $V_G=20\text{ V}$; $t_{GP}=50\text{ }\mu\text{s}$; $di_G/dt=2\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	
THERMAL					
T_{stg}	Storage temperature	$^{\circ}\text{C}$	-50...+50		
T_j	Operating junction temperature	$^{\circ}\text{C}$	-50...+125		
$T_{c\text{ op}}$	Operating temperature	$^{\circ}\text{C}$	-50...+125		
MECHANICAL					
a	Acceleration under vibration	m/s ²	50		

CHARACTERISTICS

Symbols and parameters		Units	Values	Conditions	
ON-STATE					
V _{TM}	Peak on-state voltage, max	V	1.55	T _j =25 °C; I _{TM} =2500 A	
V _{T(TO)}	On-state threshold voltage, max	V	0.876	T _j =T _{j max} ;	
r _T	On-state slope resistance, max	mΩ	0.264	0.5 π I _{TAV} < I _T < 1.5 π I _{TAV}	
I _L	Latching current, max	mA	1500	T _j =25 °C; V _D =12 V; Gate pulse: I _G =I _{FGM} ; V _G =20 V; t _{GP} =500 μs; di _G /dt=1 A/μs	
I _H	Holding current, max	mA	300	T _j =25 °C; V _D =12 V; Gate open	
BLOCKING					
I _{DRM} , I _{RRM}	Repetitive peak off-state and Repetitive peak reverse currents, max	mA	200 4.00	T _j =T _{j max} T _j = 25 °C	V _D =V _{DRM} ; V _R =V _{RRM}
(dv _D /dt) _{crit}	Critical rate of rise of off-state voltage ¹⁾ , min	V/μs	200, 320, 500, 1000, 1600, 2000, 2500	T _j =T _{j max} ; V _D =0.67·V _{DRM} ; Gate open	
TRIGGERING					
V _{GT}	Gate trigger direct voltage, max	V	3.00 2.50 1.50	T _j = T _{j min} T _j =25 °C T _j = T _{j max}	V _D =12 V; I _D =3 A; Direct gate current
I _{GT}	Gate trigger direct current, max	mA	400 250 150	T _j = T _{j min} T _j = 25 °C T _j = T _{j max}	
V _{GD}	Gate non-trigger direct voltage, min	V	0.50	T _j =T _{j max} ; V _D =0.67·V _{DRM} ;	
I _{GD}	Gate non-trigger direct current, min	mA	70.00	Direct gate current	
SWITCHING					
t _{gd}	Delay time, max	μs	1.10	T _j =25 °C; V _D =1500 V; I _{TM} =I _{TAV} ; di/dt=200 A/μs;	
t _{gt}	Turn-on time, max	μs	3.00	Gate pulse: I _G =2 A; V _G =20 V; t _{GP} =50 μs; di _G /dt=2 A/μs	
t _q	Turn-off time ²⁾ , max	μs	320	dv _D /dt=50 V/μs; T _j =T _{j max} ; I _{TM} = I _{TAV} ; di _R /dt=-10 A/μs; V _R =100 V; V _D =0.67·V _{DRM}	
Q _{rr}	Recovered charge, max	μC	4130	T _j =T _{j max} ; I _{TM} =I _{TAV} ;	
t _{rr}	Reverse recovery time, max	μs	43	di _R /dt=-10 A/μs;	
I _{rr}	Reverse recovery current, max	A	192	V _R =100 V	
THERMAL					
R _{thjc}	Thermal resistance, junction to case			180° half-sine wave, 50 Hz	
	per module	°C/W	0.0400		
R _{thch}	Thermal resistance, case to heatsink				
	per module	°C/W	0.0100		
INSULATION					
V _{ISOL}	Insulation test voltage	kV	4.50	Sine wave, 50 Hz; RMS	t=60 sec
			5.40		t=1 sec
MECHANICAL					
M ₁	Mounting torque (M6) ³⁾	Nm	6.00	Tolerance ± 15%	
M ₂	Terminal connection torque (M12) ³⁾	Nm	18.00	Tolerance ± 15%	
m	Weight, max	g	2750		

PART NUMBERING GUIDE												NOTES															
MT	1	-	630	-	28	-	A2	K2	-	E2M	-	N	1) Critical rate of rise of off-state voltage														
1	2		3		4		5	6		7		8															
1. MT - Thyristor module 2. Circuit Schematic 3. Average On-state Current, A 4. Voltage Code 5. Critical rate of rise of off-state voltage 6. Group of turn-off time (dv _D /dt=50 V/μs) 7. Package Type (M.E2M) 8. Ambient Conditions: N – Normal ⁴⁾																											
												Symbol of Group (dv _D /dt) _{crit} , V/μs								P2 200	K2 320	E2 500	A2 1000	T1 1600	P1 2000	M1 2500	
												2) Turn-off time (dv _D /dt=50 V/μs)															
												Symbol of Group								K2							
												t _q , μs								320							
												3) The screws must be lubricated															
												4) Additionally:															
												- ambient operating temperature −50...+60 °C;															
												- maximum altitude above sea level 1700 meters;															
												- frost and dew resistance.															

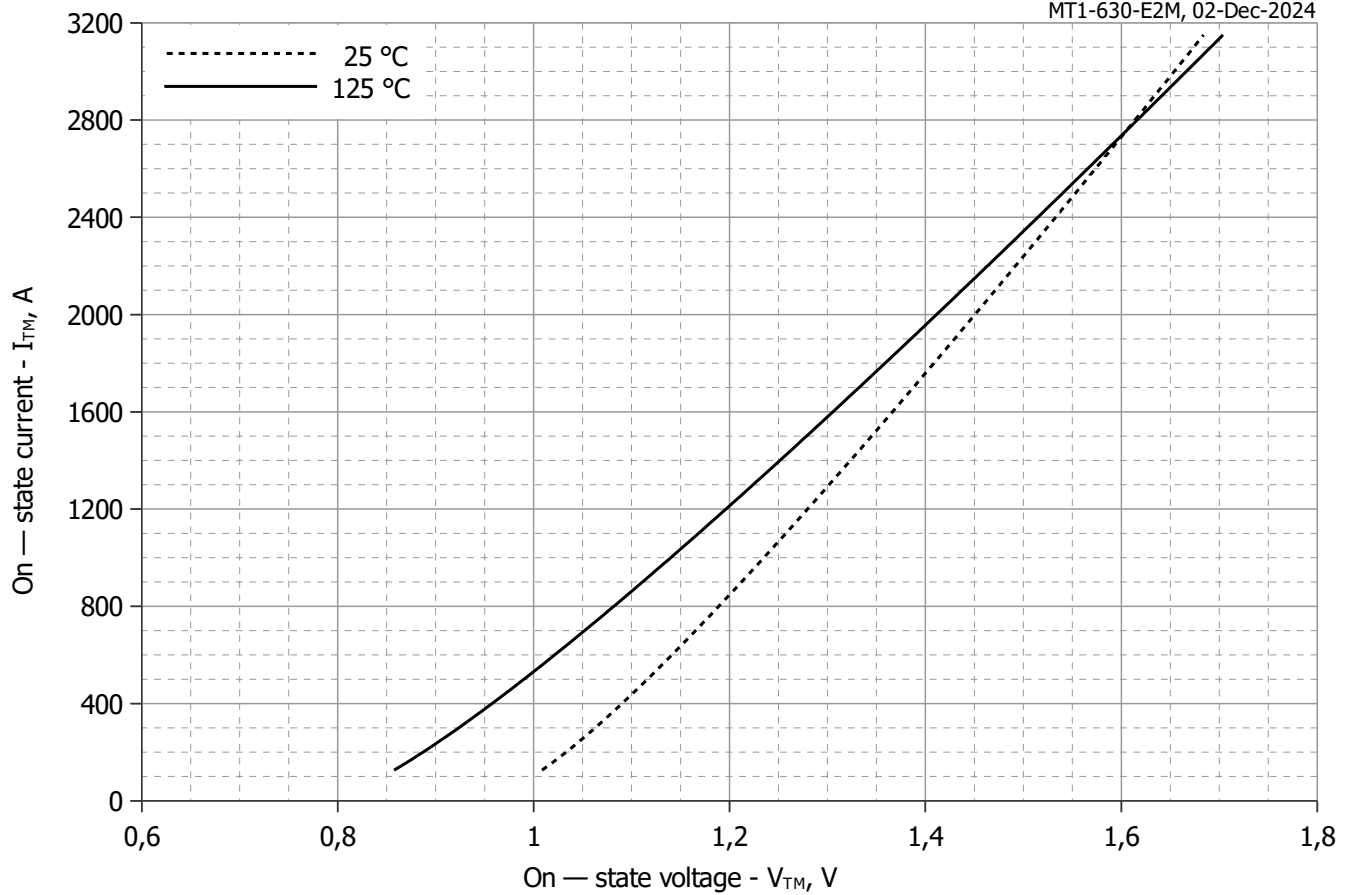


Fig 1 – On-state characteristics of Limit device

Analytical function for On-state characteristic:

$$V_T = A + B \cdot i_T + C \cdot \ln(i_T + 1) + D \cdot \sqrt{i_T}$$

	Coefficients for max curves	
	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$T_j = T_{j\max}$
A	0.92601178	0.79091471
B	0.00016622	0.00019813
C	0.00456274	-0.00494470
D	0.00351956	0.00585343

On-state characteristic model (see Fig. 1)

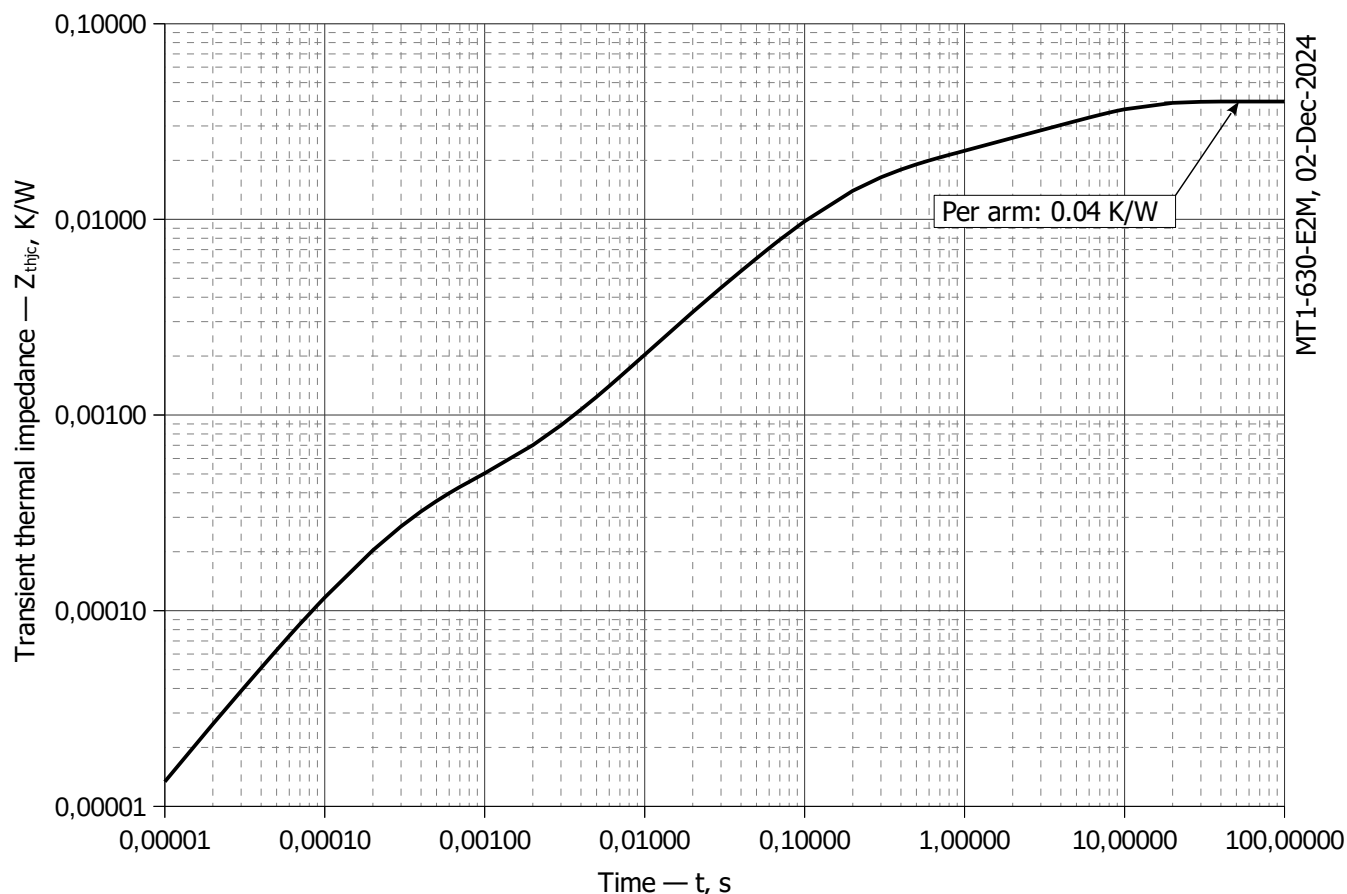


Fig 2 – Transient thermal impedance Z_{thjc} vs. time t

Analytical function for Transient thermal impedance junction to case Z_{thjc} for DC:

$$Z_{thjc} = \sum_{i=1}^n R_i \left(1 - e^{-\frac{t}{\tau_i}} \right)$$

Where $i = 1$ to n , n is the number of terms in the series.

t = Duration of heating pulse in seconds.

Z_{thjc} = Thermal resistance at time t .

R_i = Amplitude of p_{th} term.

τ_i = Time constant of r_{th} term.

i	1	2	3	4	5	6
R_i , K/W	0.0189958	0.005931	0.009502	0.004252	0.001006	0.0003132
τ_i , s	5.887	0.7389	0.1616	0.08215	0.01267	0.0002712

Transient thermal impedance junction to case Z_{thjc} model (see Fig. 2)

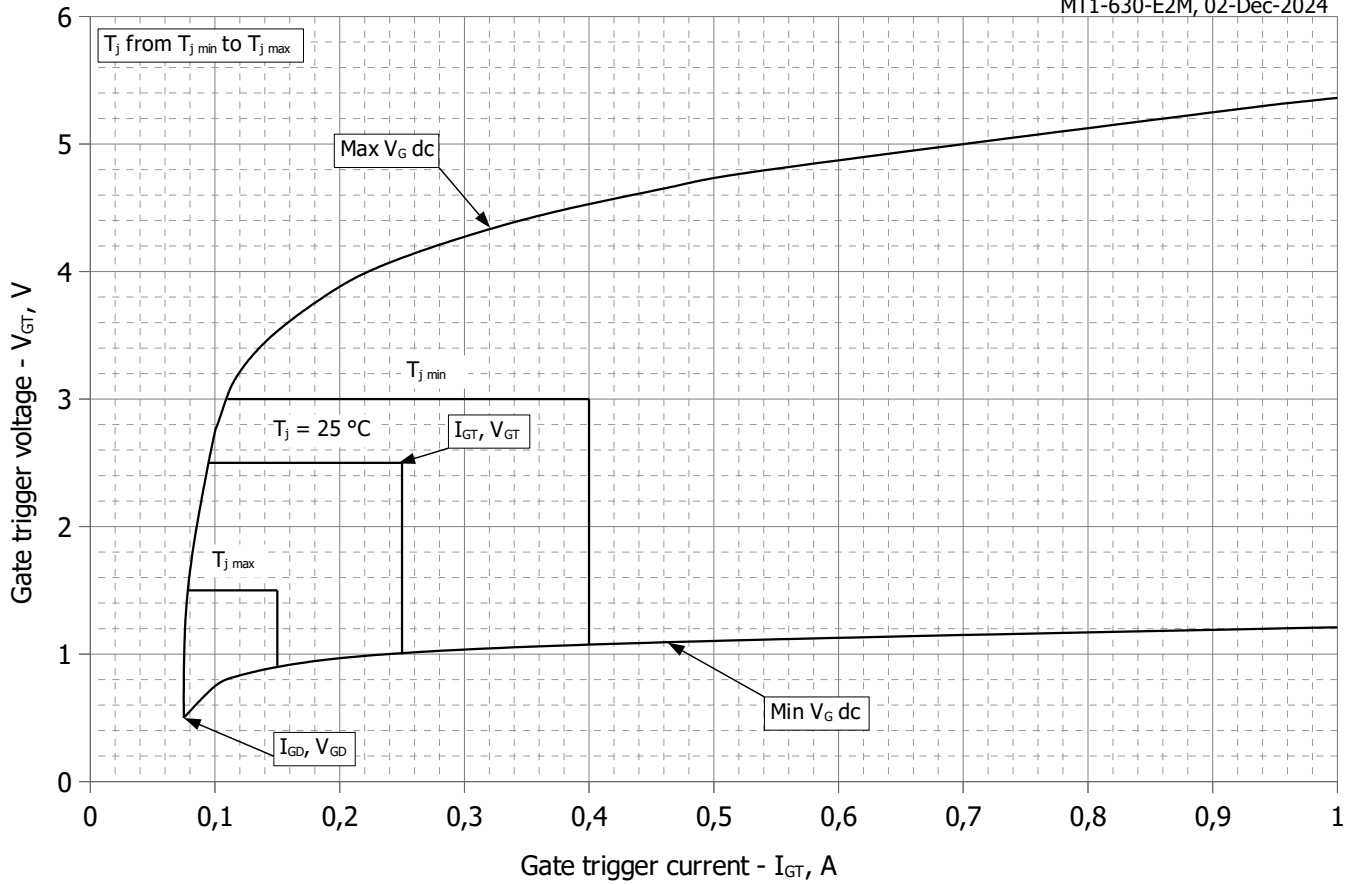


Fig 3 – Gate characteristics – Trigger limits

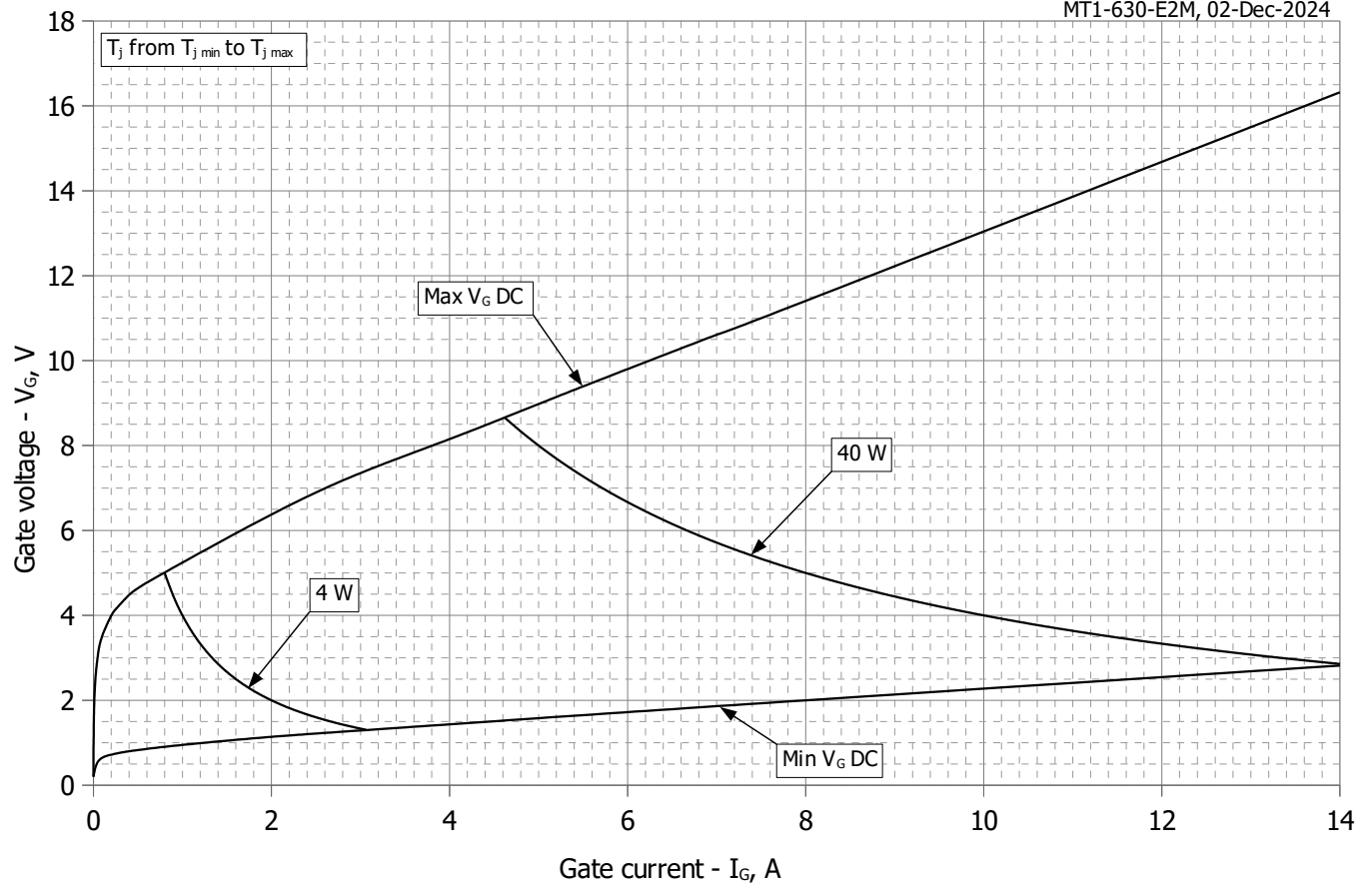


Fig 4 – Gate characteristics – Power curves

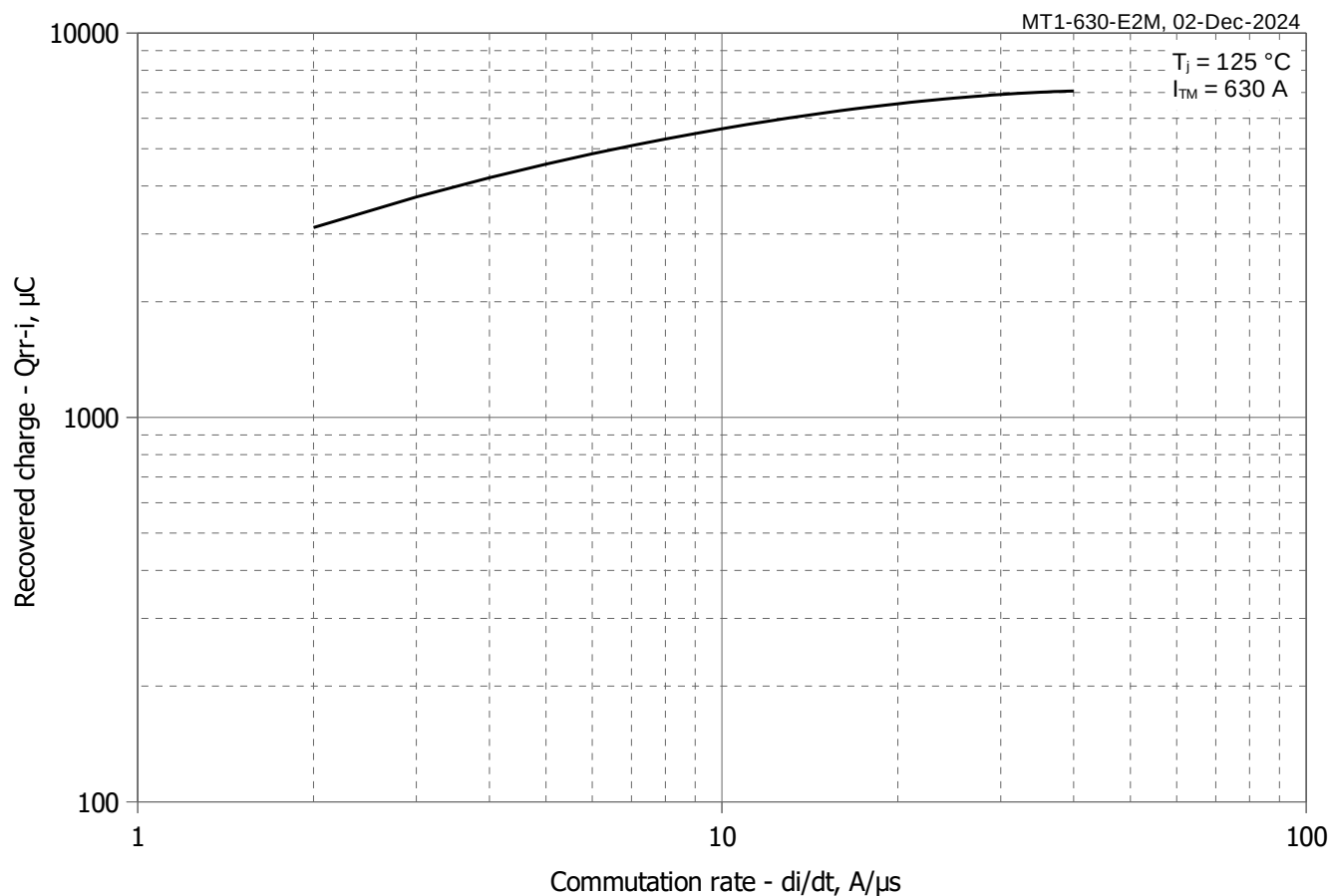


Fig 5 – Maximum recovered charge Q_{rr-i} (integral) vs. commutation rate di_R/dt

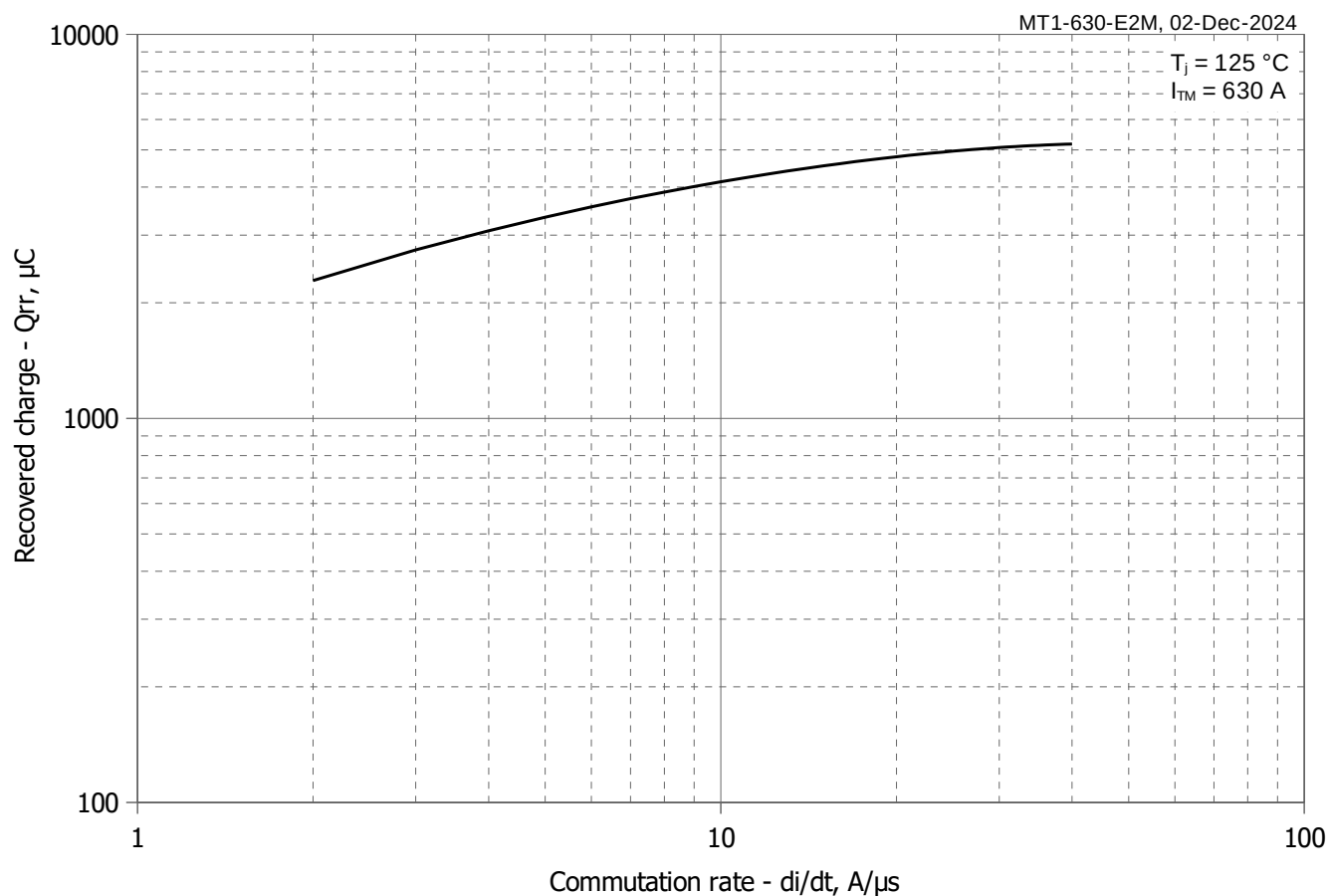


Fig 6 – Maximum recovered charge Q_{rr} vs. commutation rate di_R/dt (25% chord)

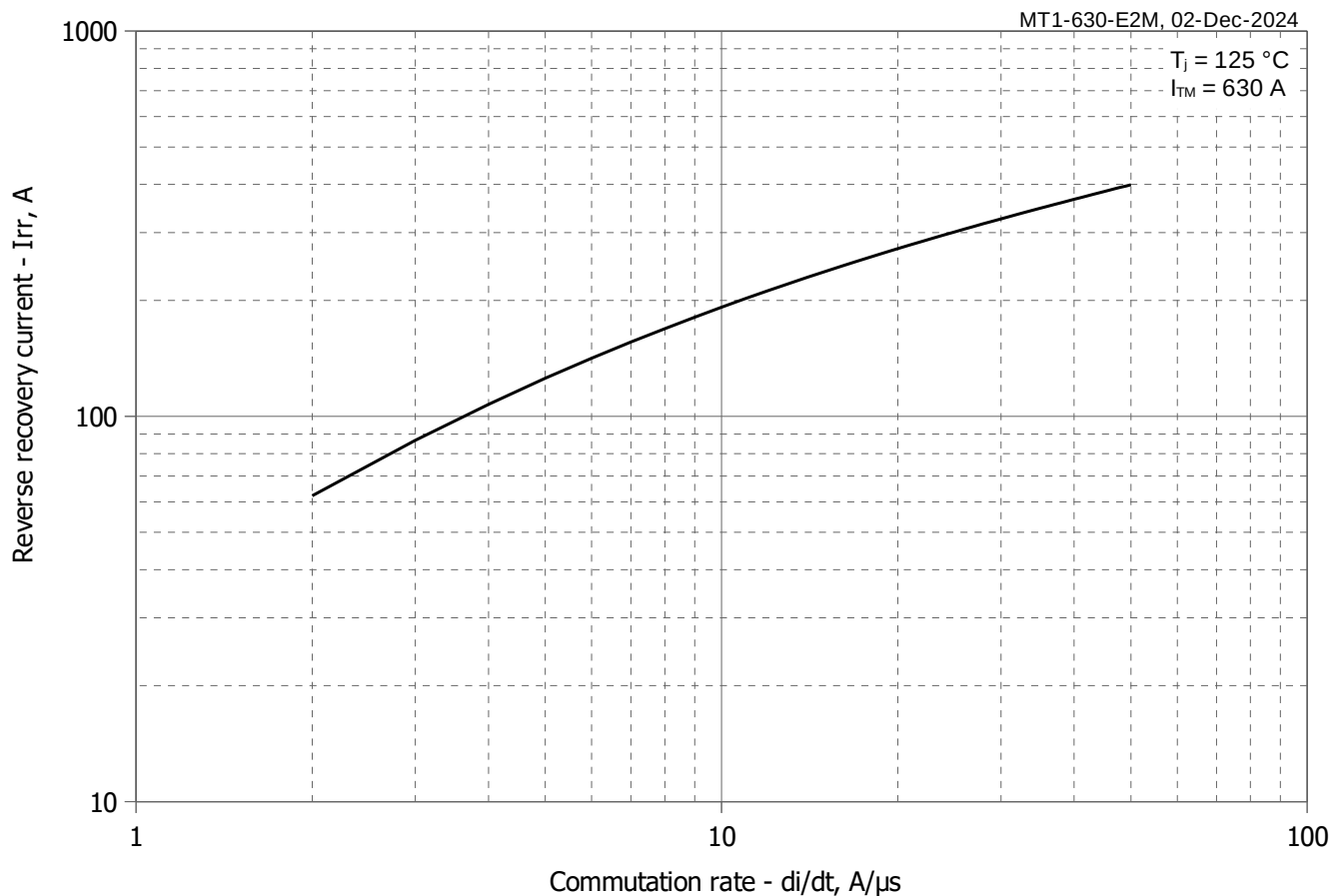


Fig 7 – Maximum reverse recovery current I_{rr} vs. commutation rate di_R/dt

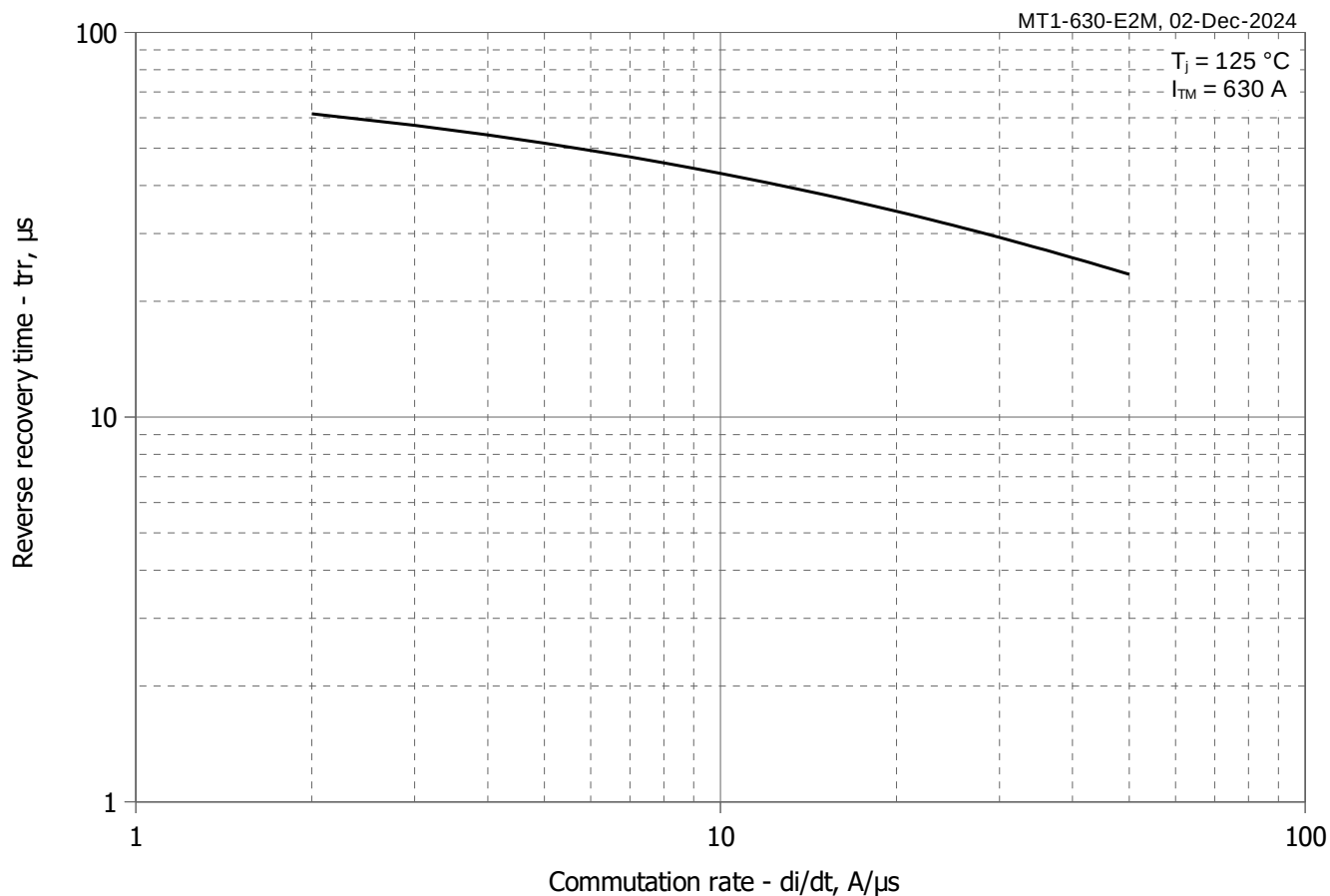


Fig 8 – Maximum recovery time t_{rr} vs. commutation rate di_R/dt (25% chord)

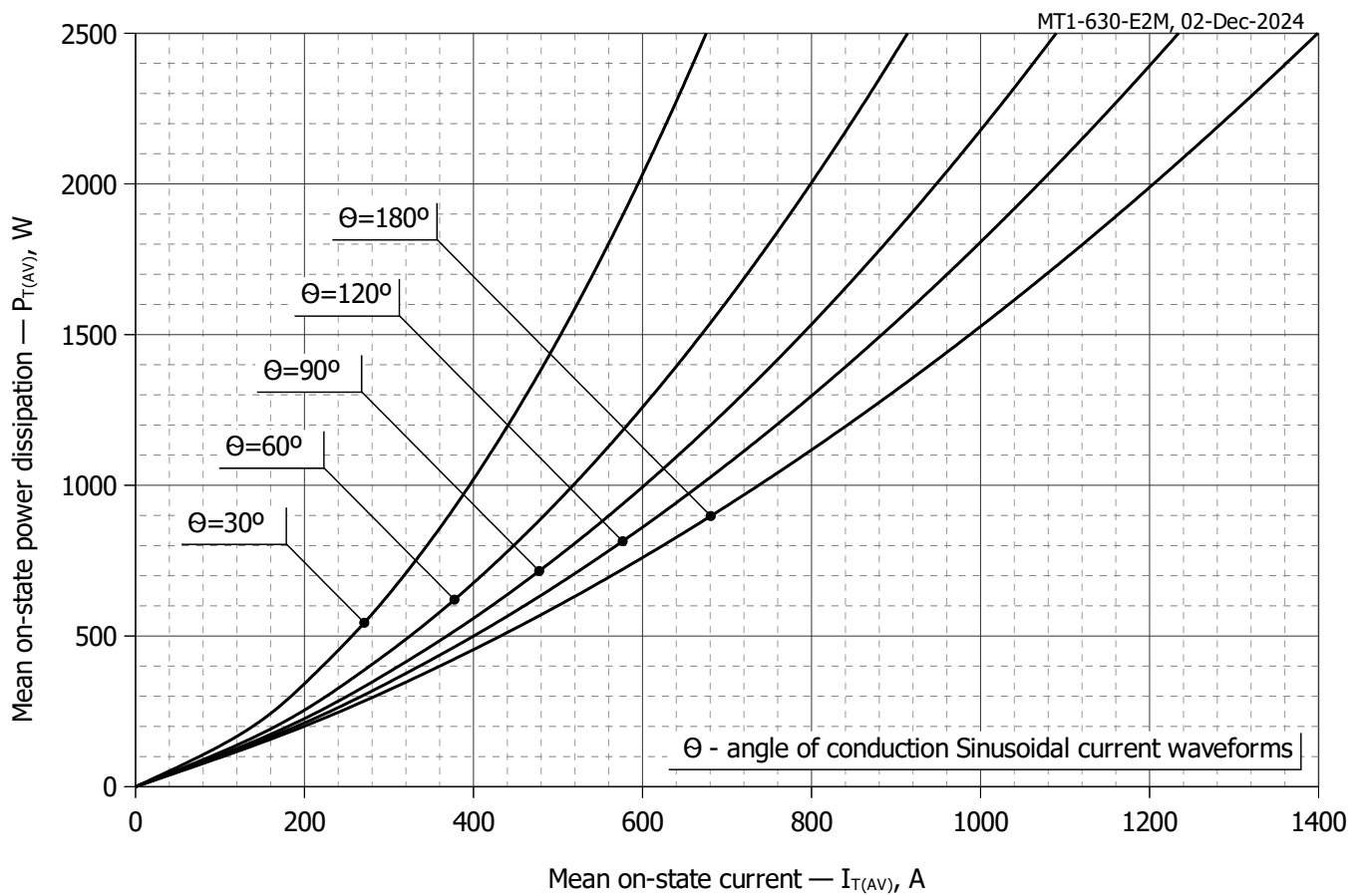


Fig. 9 - Mean on-state power dissipation P_{TAV} vs. mean on-state current I_{TAV} for sinusoidal current waveforms at different conduction angles ($f=50\text{Hz}$)

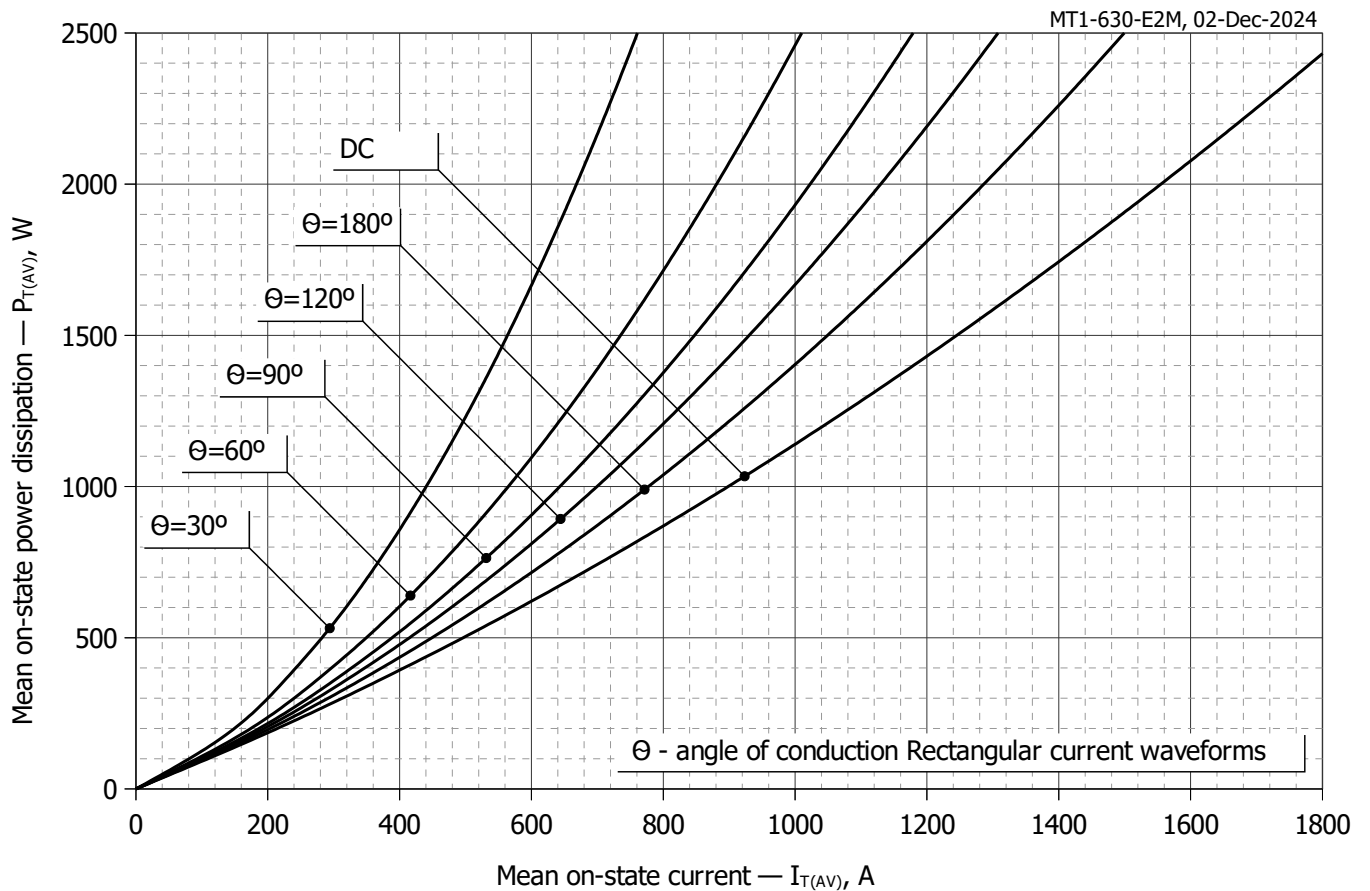


Fig. 10 – Mean on-state power dissipation P_{TAV} vs. mean on-state current I_{TAV} for rectangular current waveforms at different conduction angles and for DC ($f=50\text{Hz}$)

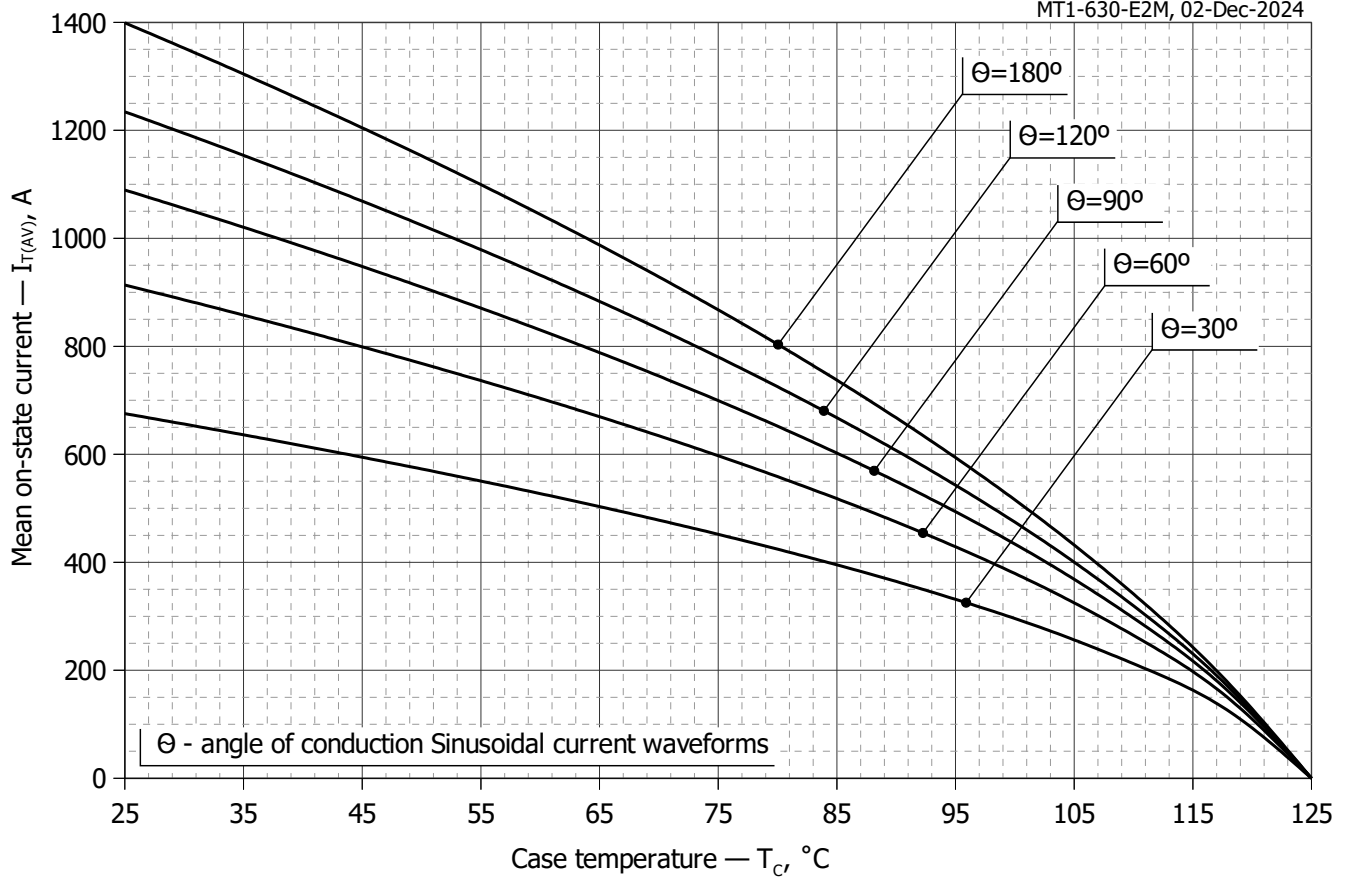


Fig. 11 – Mean on-state current I_{TAV} vs. case temperature T_c for sinusoidal current waveforms at different conduction angles ($f=50\text{Hz}$)

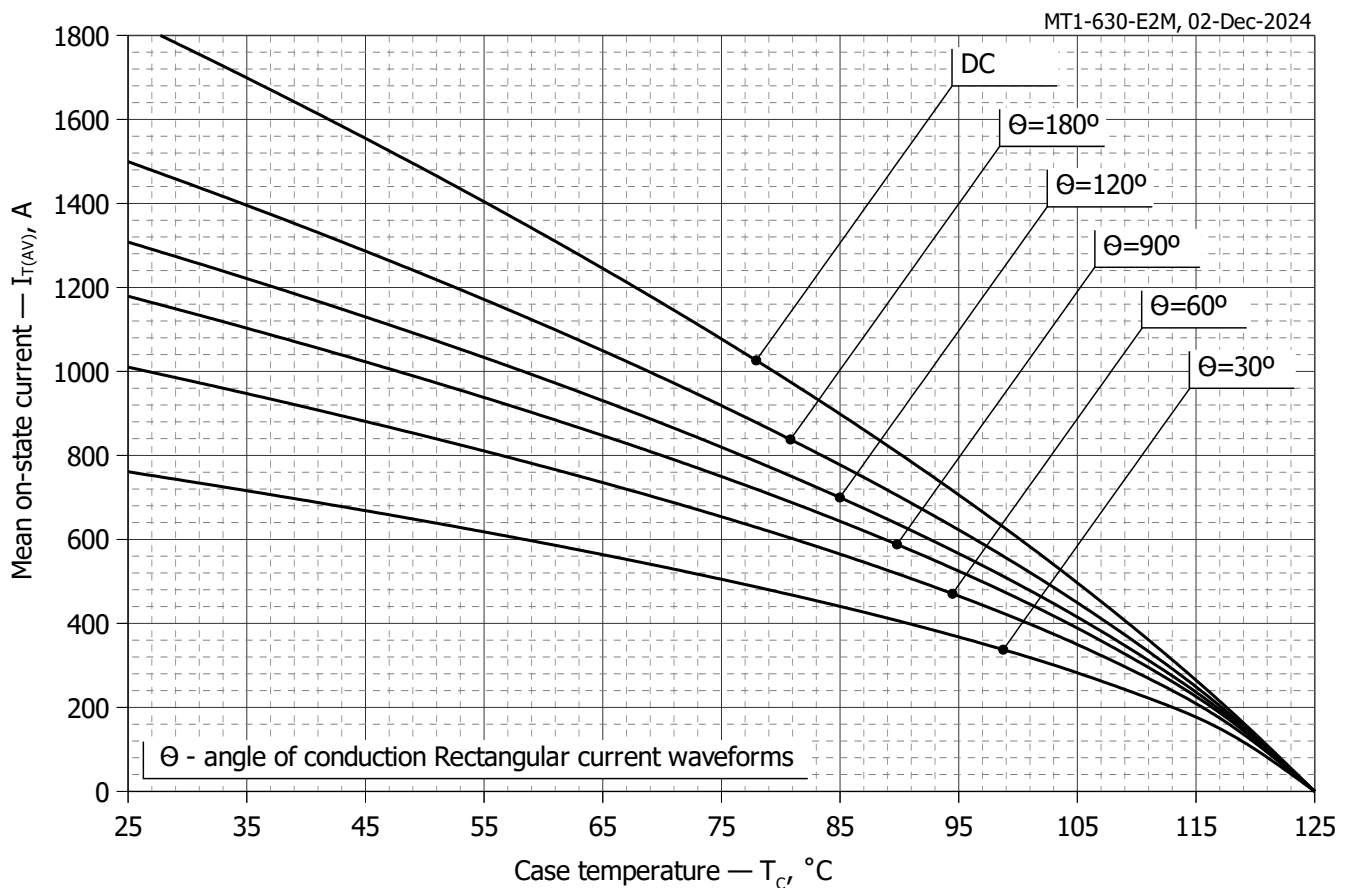


Fig. 12 - Mean on-state current I_{TAV} vs. case temperature T_c for rectangular current waveforms at different conduction angles and for DC ($f=50\text{Hz}$)

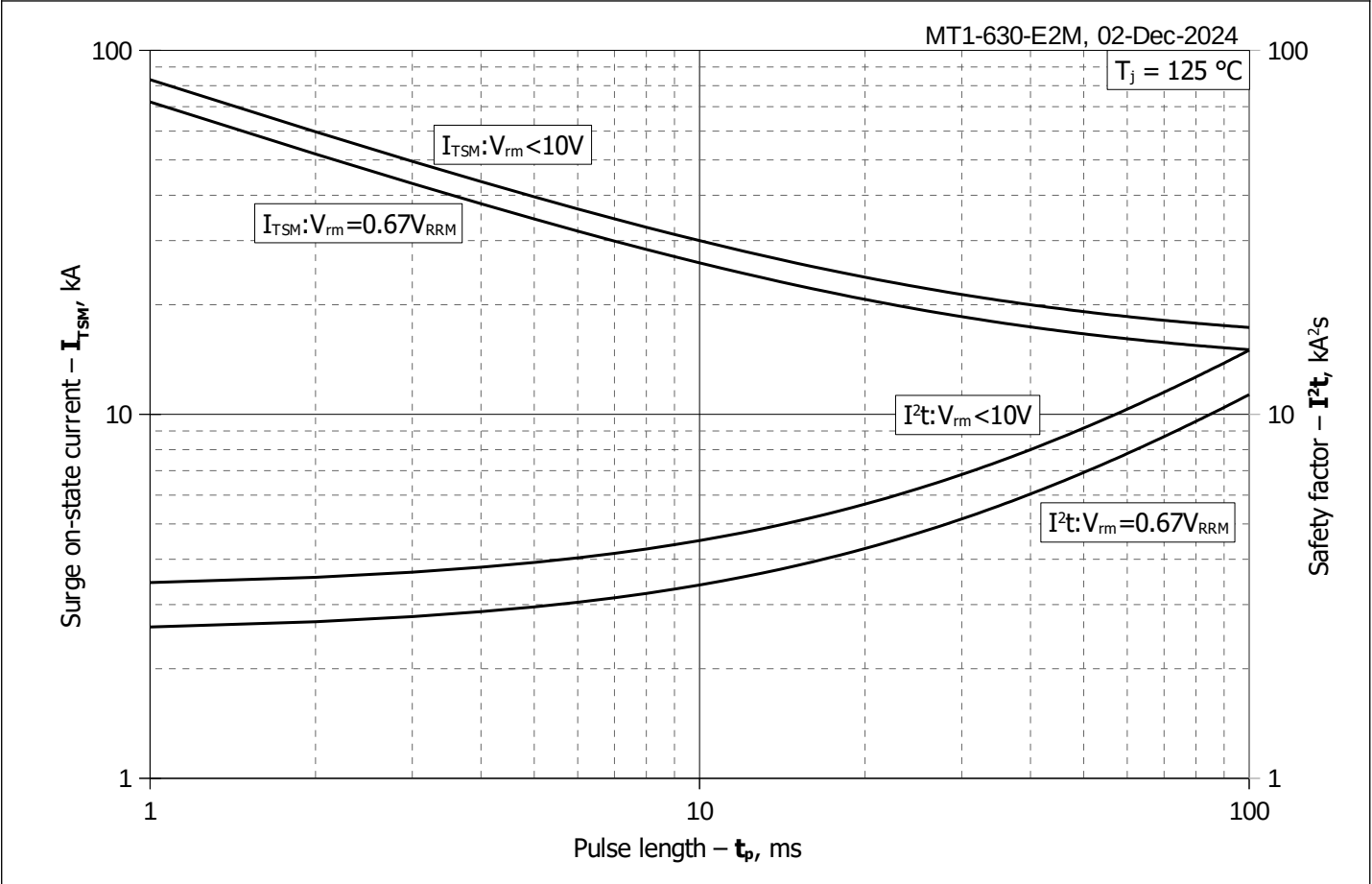


Fig. 13 – Maximum surge on-state current I_{TSM} and safety factor I^2t vs. pulse length t_p

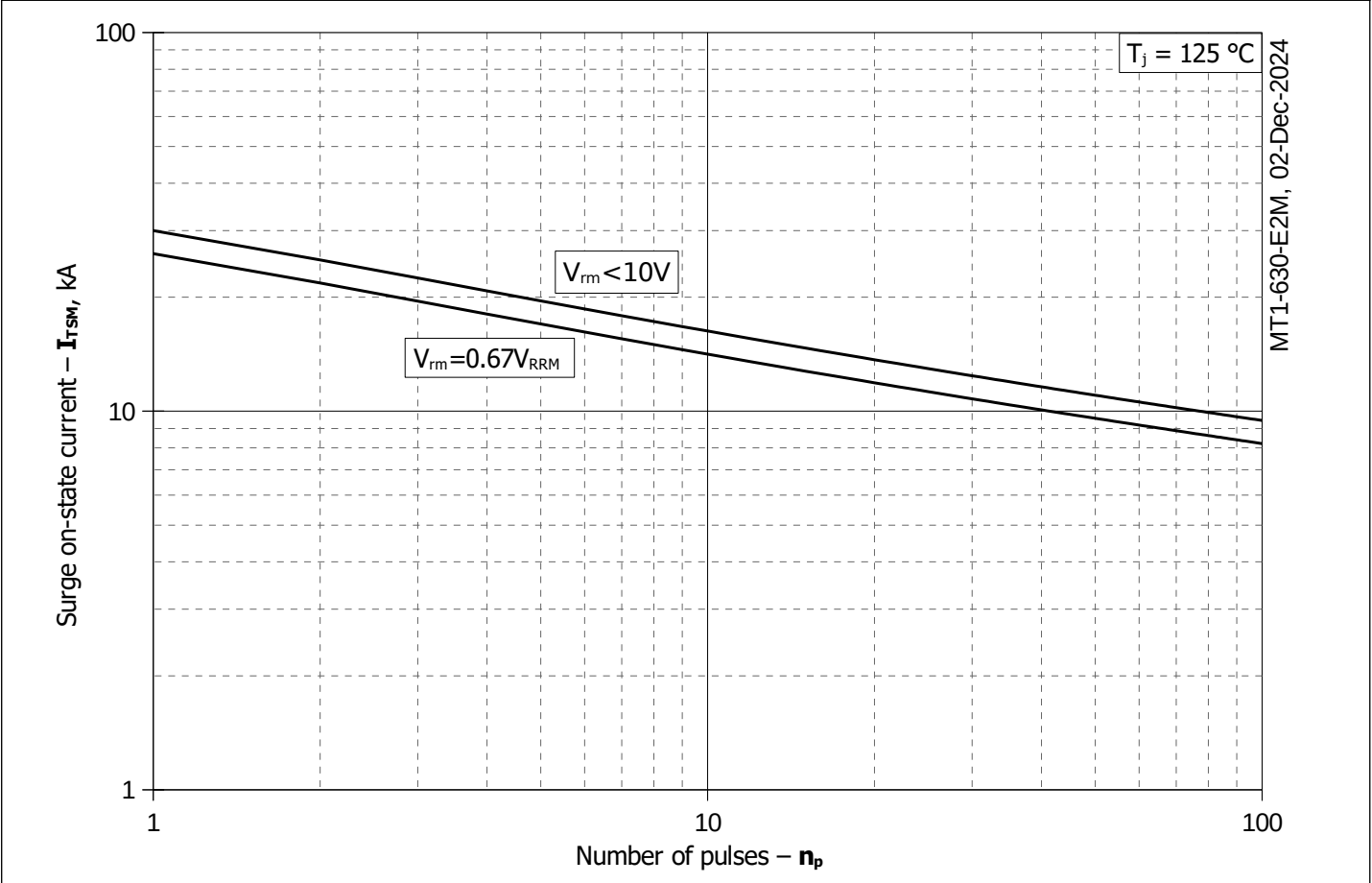


Fig. 14 - Maximum surge on-state current I_{TSM} vs. number of pulses n_p