



Optimum power handling
Low on-state and switching losses
Designed for traction and industrial applications

Phase Control Stud Thyristor

Type T371-250-8

Mean on-state current				I _{TAV}		250 A		
Repetitive peak off-state voltage				V _{DRM}		100...800 V		
Repetitive peak reverse voltage				V _{RRM}				
Turn-off time				t _q		125, 160, 200, 250, 320, 400, 500 μs		
V _{DRM} , V _{RRM} , V	100	200	300	400	500	600	700	800
Voltage code	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
T _j , °C	-60...+150							

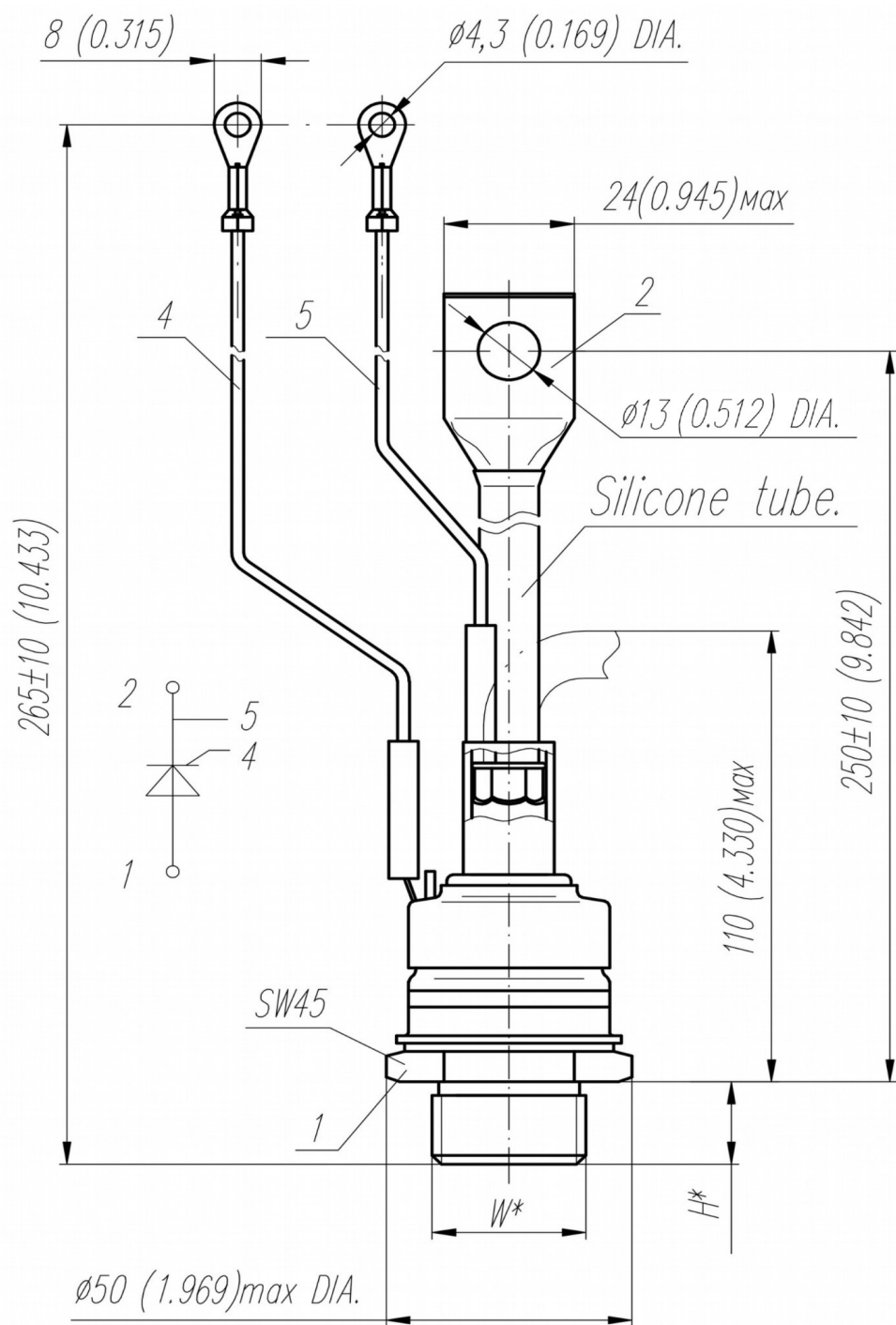
MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE RATINGS

Symbols and parameters		Units	Values	Test conditions	
ON-STATE					
I_{TAV}	Maximum allowable mean on-state current	A	250 409	$T_c=123\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; $T_c=100\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; 180° half-sine wave; 50 Hz	
I_{TRMS}	RMS on-state current	A	393	$T_c=123\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; 180° half-sine wave; 50 Hz	
I_{TSM}	Surge on-state current	kA	10.0 11.5	$T_j=T_{j\max}$ $T_j=25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	180° half-sine wave; $t_p=10\text{ ms}$; single pulse; $V_D=V_R=0\text{ V}$; Gate pulse: $I_G=2\text{ A}$; $t_{GP}=50\text{ }\mu\text{s}$; $di_G/dt\geq 1\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$
			10.5 12.0	$T_j=T_{j\max}$ $T_j=25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	180° half-sine wave; $t_p=8.3\text{ ms}$; single pulse; $V_D=V_R=0\text{ V}$; Gate pulse: $I_G=2\text{ A}$; $t_{GP}=50\text{ }\mu\text{s}$; $di_G/dt\geq 1\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$
I^2t	Safety factor	$\text{A}^2\text{s}\cdot 10^3$	500 660	$T_j=T_{j\max}$ $T_j=25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	180° half-sine wave; $t_p=10\text{ ms}$; single pulse; $V_D=V_R=0\text{ V}$; Gate pulse: $I_G=2\text{ A}$; $t_{GP}=50\text{ }\mu\text{s}$; $di_G/dt\geq 1\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$
			450 590	$T_j=T_{j\max}$ $T_j=25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	180° half-sine wave; $t_p=8.3\text{ ms}$; single pulse; $V_D=V_R=0\text{ V}$; Gate pulse: $I_G=2\text{ A}$; $t_{GP}=50\text{ }\mu\text{s}$; $di_G/dt\geq 1\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$
BLOCKING					
V_{DRM}, V_{RRM}	Repetitive peak off-state and Repetitive peak reverse voltages	V	100...800	$T_{j\min}<T_j<T_{j\max}$; 180° half-sine wave; 50 Hz; Gate open	
V_{DSM}, V_{RSM}	Non-repetitive peak off-state and Non-repetitive peak reverse voltages	V	200...900	$T_{j\min}<T_j<T_{j\max}$; 180° half-sine wave; single pulse; Gate open	
V_D, V_R	Direct off-state and Direct reverse voltages	V	$0.6\cdot V_{DRM}$ $0.6\cdot V_{RRM}$	$T_j=T_{j\max}$; Gate open	

TRIGGERING				
I_{FGM}	Peak forward gate current	A	6	$T_j = T_{j\ max}$
V_{RGM}	Peak reverse gate voltage	V	5	
P_G	Gate power dissipation	W	3	$T_j = T_{j\ max}$ for DC gate current
SWITCHING				
$(di_T/dt)_{crit}$	Critical rate of rise of on-state current non-repetitive ($f=1\ Hz$)	A/ μs	800	$T_j = T_{j\ max}$; $V_D = 0.67 \cdot V_{DRM}$; $I_{TM} = 3000\ A$; Gate pulse: $I_G = 2\ A$; $t_{GP} = 50\ \mu s$; $di_G/dt \geq 2\ A/\mu s$
THERMAL				
T_{stg}	Storage temperature	$^{\circ}C$	-60...+50	
T_j	Operating junction temperature	$^{\circ}C$	-60...+150	
MECHANICAL				
M	Tightening torque	Nm	25...35	
a	Acceleration	m/s ²	100	

CHARACTERISTICS

Symbols and parameters		Units	Values	Conditions	
ON-STATE					
V _{TM}	Peak on-state voltage, max	V	1.35	T _j =25 °C; I _{TM} = 785 A	
V _{T(TO)}	On-state threshold voltage, max	V	0.906	T _j =T _{j max} ;	
r _T	On-state slope resistance, max	mΩ	0.531	0.5 π I _{TAV} < I _T < 1.5 π I _{TAV}	
I _L	Latching current, max	mA	700	T _j =25 °C; V _D =12 V; Gate pulse: I _G =2 A; t _{GP} =50 μs; di _G /dt≥1 A/μs	
I _H	Holding current, max	mA	300	T _j =25 °C; V _D =12 V; Gate open	
BLOCKING					
I _{DRM} , I _{RRM}	Repetitive peak off-state and Repetitive peak reverse currents, max	mA	70	T _j =T _{j max} ; V _D =V _{DRM} ; V _R =V _{RRM}	
(dv _D /dt) _{crit}	Critical rate of rise of off-state voltage ¹⁾ , min	V/μs	200, 320, 500, 1000	T _j =T _{j max} ; V _D =0.67·V _{DRM} ; Gate open	
TRIGGERING					
V _{GT}	Gate trigger direct voltage, max	V	3.00 2.50 1.50	T _j = T _{j min} T _j =25 °C T _j = T _{j max}	V _D =12 V; I _D =3 A; Direct gate current
I _{GT}	Gate trigger direct current, max	mA	400 250 150	T _j = T _{j min} T _j = 25 °C T _j = T _{j max}	
V _{GD}	Gate non-trigger direct voltage, min	V	0.50	T _j =T _{j max} ; V _D =0.67·V _{DRM} ;	
I _{GD}	Gate non-trigger direct current, min	mA	35.00	Direct gate current	
SWITCHING					
t _{gd}	Delay time, max	μs	0.70	T _j =25 °C; V _D =600 V; I _{TM} =I _{TAV} ; di/dt=200 A/μs;	
t _{gt}	Turn-on time, max	μs	3.00	Gate pulse: I _G =2 A; V _G =20 V; t _{GP} =50 μs; di _G /dt=2 A/μs	
t _q	Turn-off time ²⁾ , max	μs	125, 160, 200, 250, 320, 400, 500	dv _D /dt=50 V/μs; T _j =T _{j max} ; I _{TM} = I _{TAV} ; di _R /dt=-10 A/μs; V _R =100V; V _D =0.67·V _{DRM}	
Q _{rr}	Recovered charge, max	μC	750	T _j =T _{j max} ; I _{TM} =250 A;	
t _{rr}	Reverse recovery time, max	μs	15	di _R /dt=-10 A/μs;	
I _{rr}	Reverse recovery current, max	A	100	V _R =100 V	

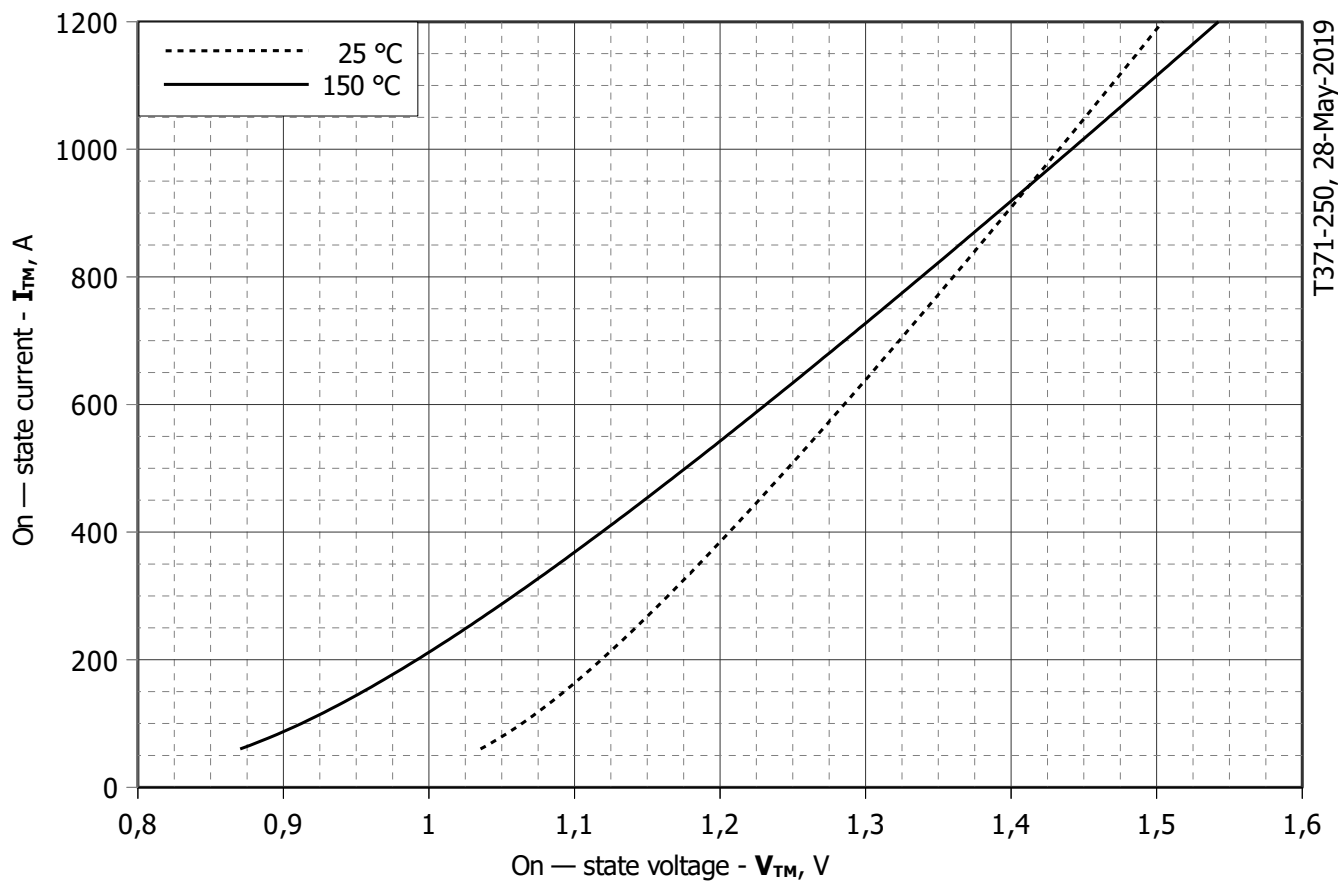


Type of screw	W	H
Metric Screw Type C	M24x1,5 – 8g	19
Metric Screw Type B (upon request)	M20x1,5 – 8g	15

Polarity	Example of code designation	Reference designation	Colors		
			Anode	Cathode	Gate
Anode to stud	T371-250-8		-	Red tube	White

All dimensions in millimeters (inches)

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Fig 1 – On-state characteristics of Limit device

Analytical function for On-state characteristic:

$$V_T = A + B \cdot i_T + C \cdot \ln(i_T + 1) + D \cdot \sqrt{i_T}$$

	Coefficients for max curves	
	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$T_j = T_{j\max}$
A	0.89933000	0.66683000
B	0.00031406	0.00043689
C	0.02623400	0.03908100
D	0.00121040	0.00214470

On-state characteristic model (see Fig. 1)

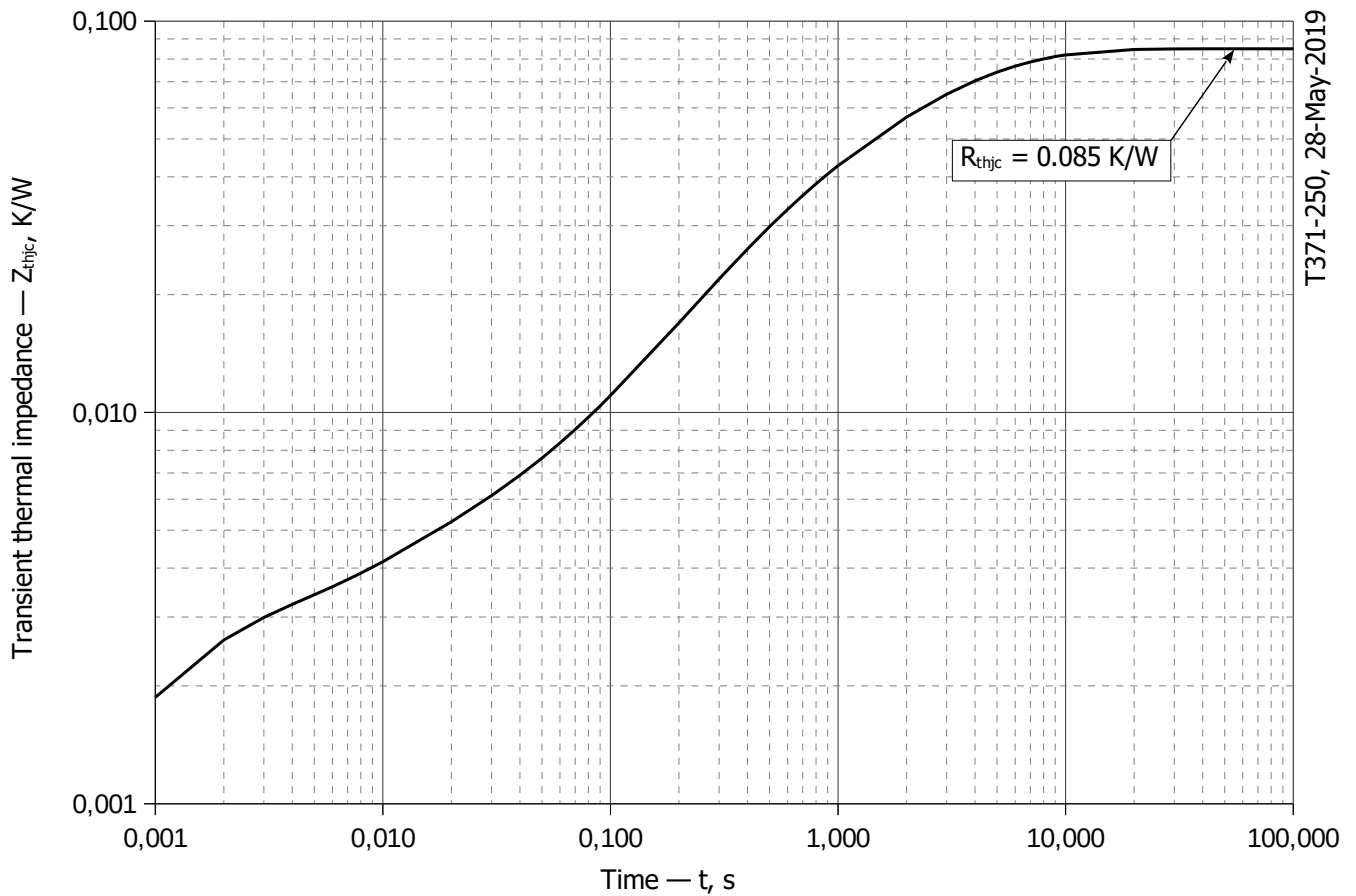


Fig 2 – Transient thermal impedance Z_{thjc} vs. time t

Analytical function for Transient thermal impedance junction to case Z_{thjc} for DC:

$$Z_{thjc} = \sum_{i=1}^n R_i \left(1 - e^{-\frac{t}{\tau_i}} \right)$$

Where $i = 1$ to n , n is the number of terms in the series.

t = Duration of heating pulse in seconds.

Z_{thjc} = Thermal resistance at time t .

R_i = Amplitude of p_{th} term.

τ_i = Time constant of r_{th} term.

DC

i	1	2	3	4	5	6
R_i , K/W	0.023357	0.02733	0.01495	0.001445	0.002488	0.01543
τ_i , s	4.627	2.249	0.3406	0.01043	0.0009112	0.9081

Transient thermal impedance junction to case Z_{thjc} model (see Fig. 2)

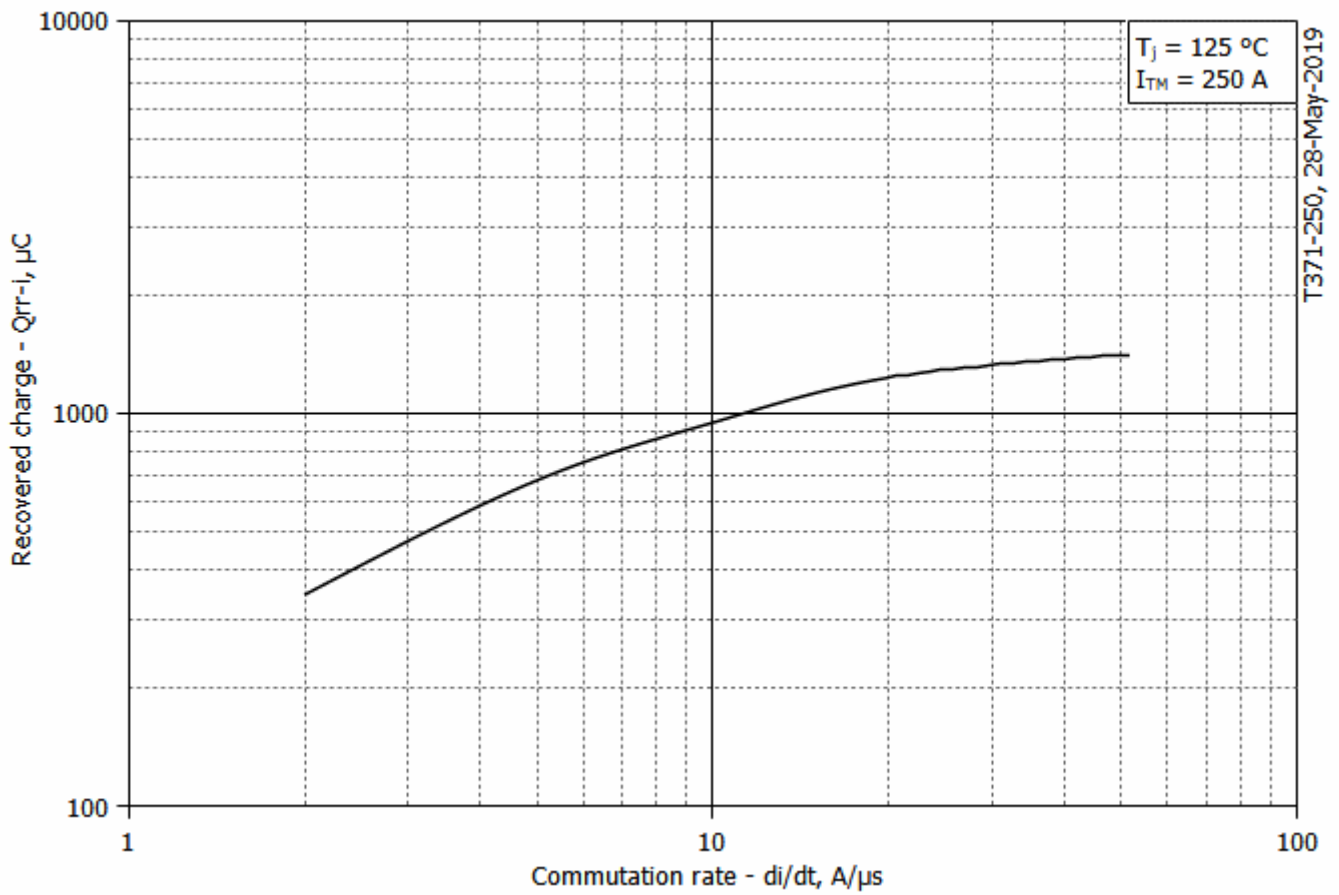


Fig 3 – Maximum recovered charge Q_{rr-i} (integral) vs. commutation rate di_R/dt

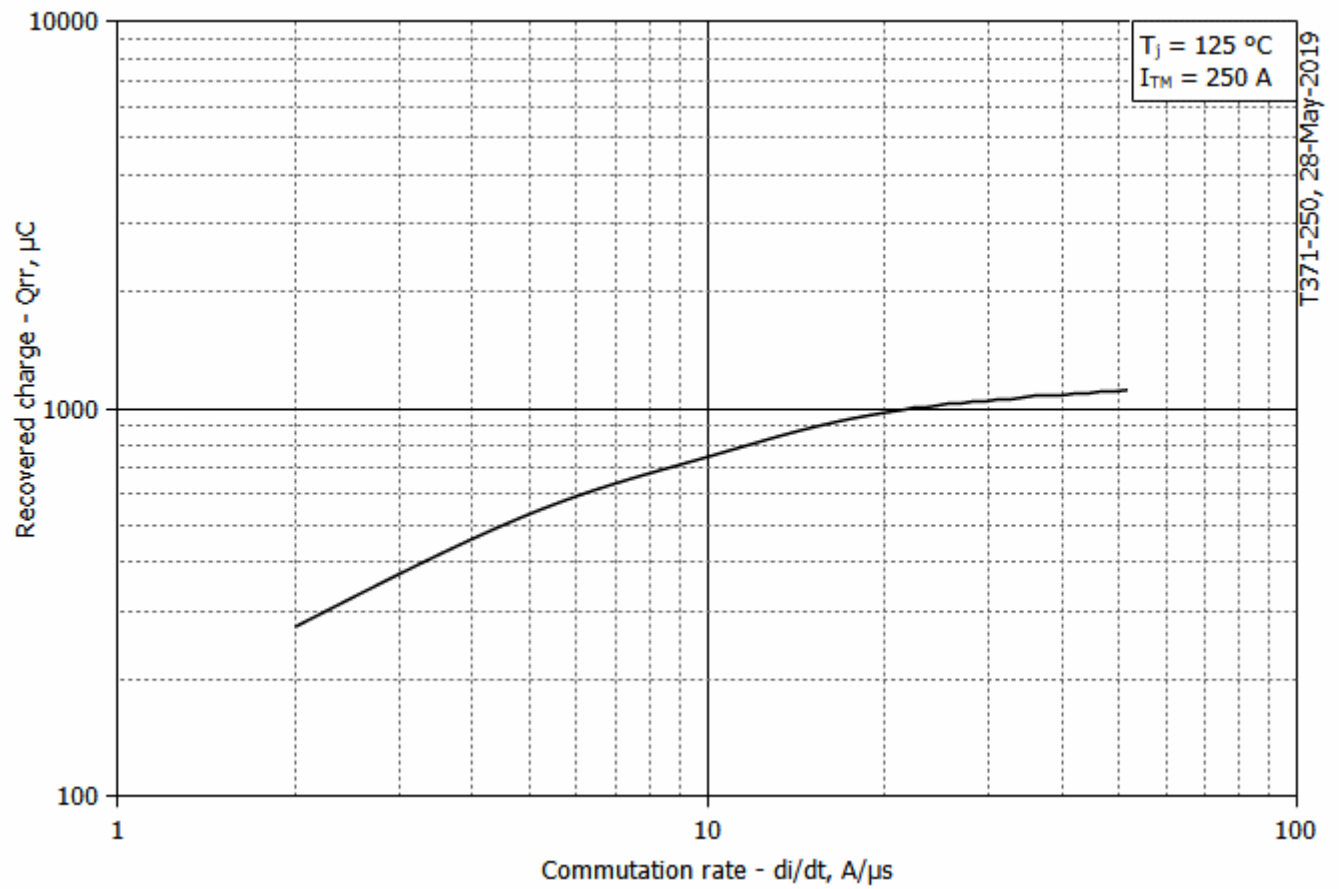


Fig 4 – Maximum recovered charge Q_{rr} vs. commutation rate di_R/dt (25% chord)

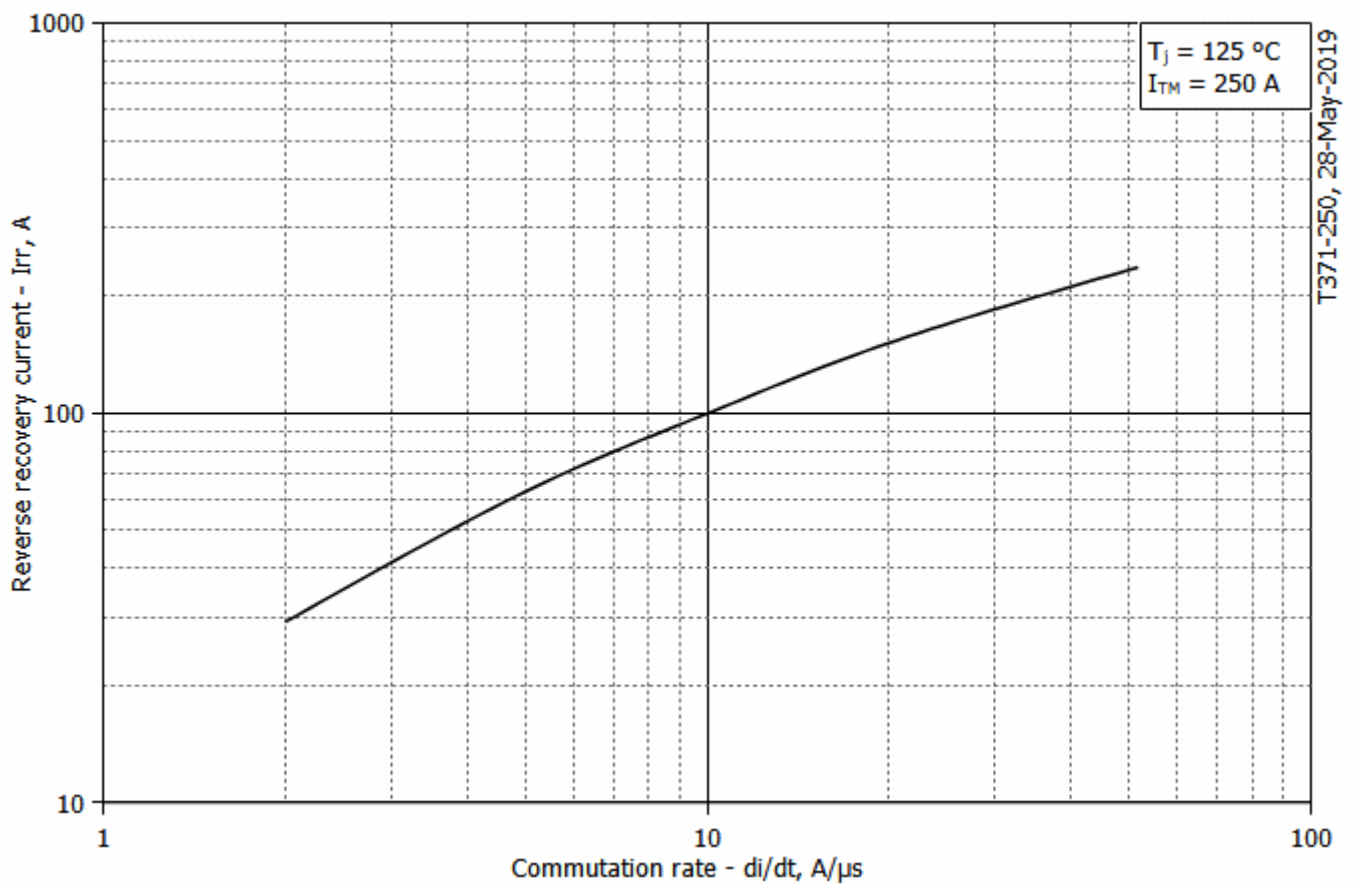


Fig 5 – Maximum reverse recovery current I_{rr} vs. commutation rate di_R/dt

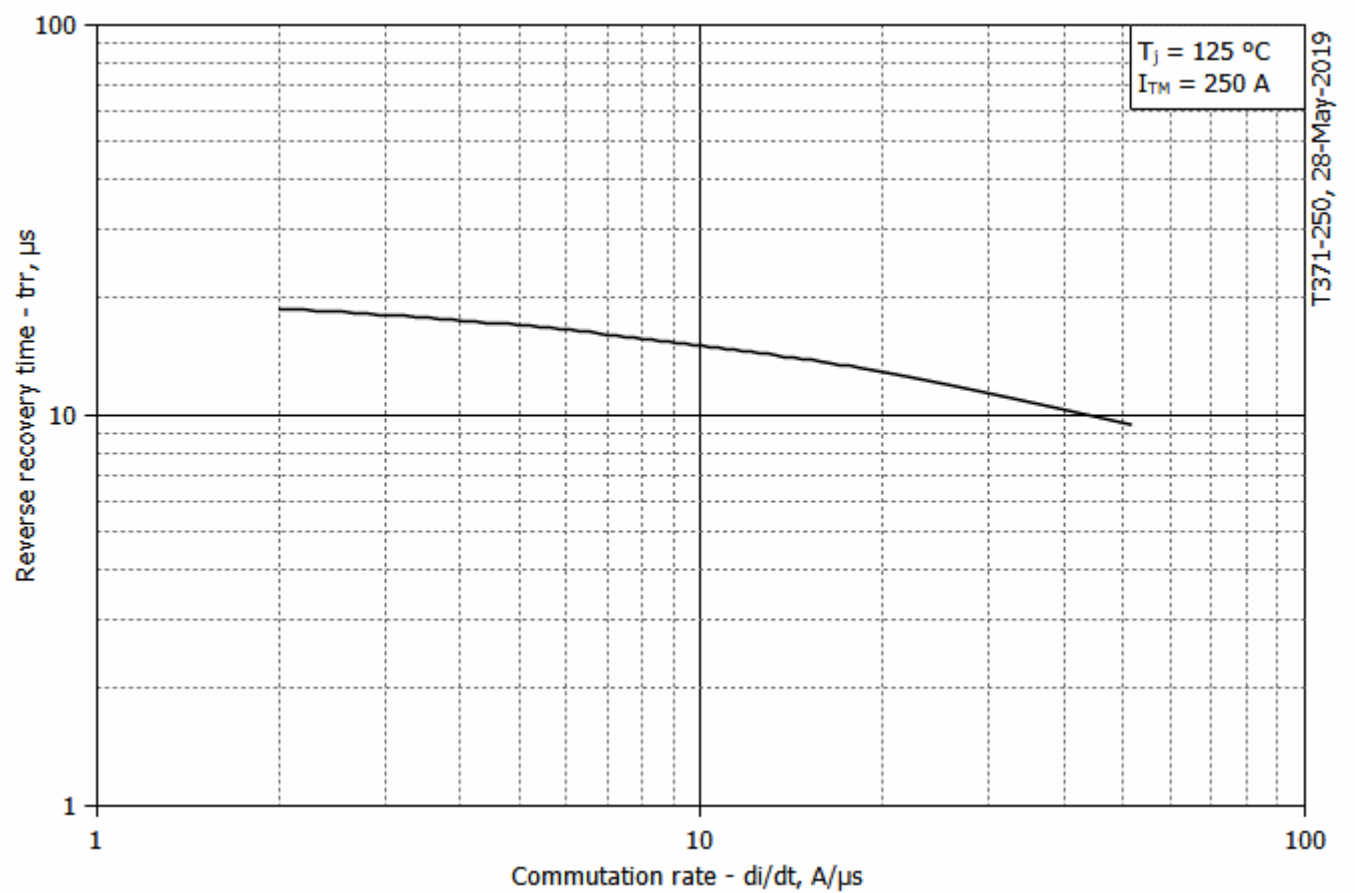
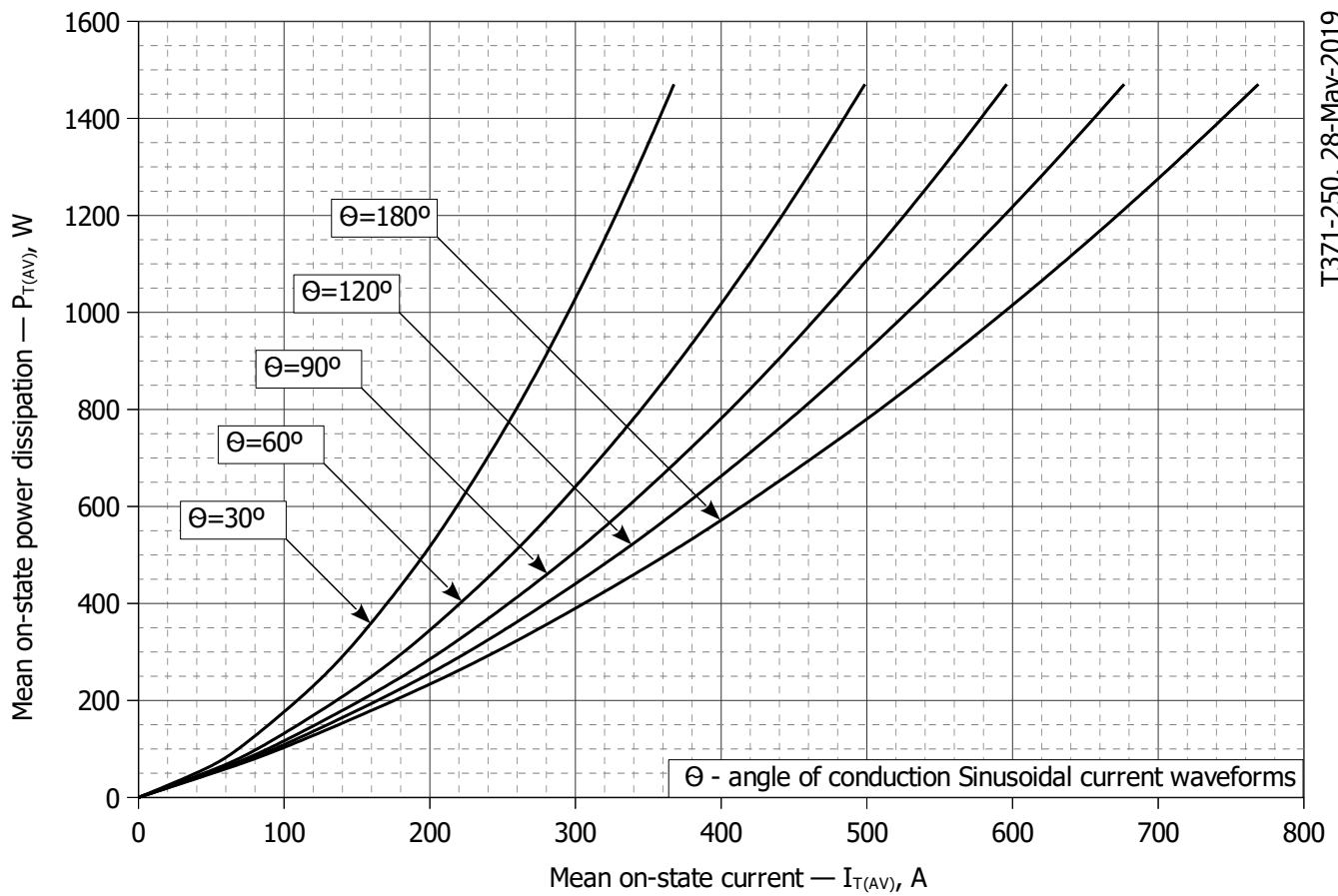
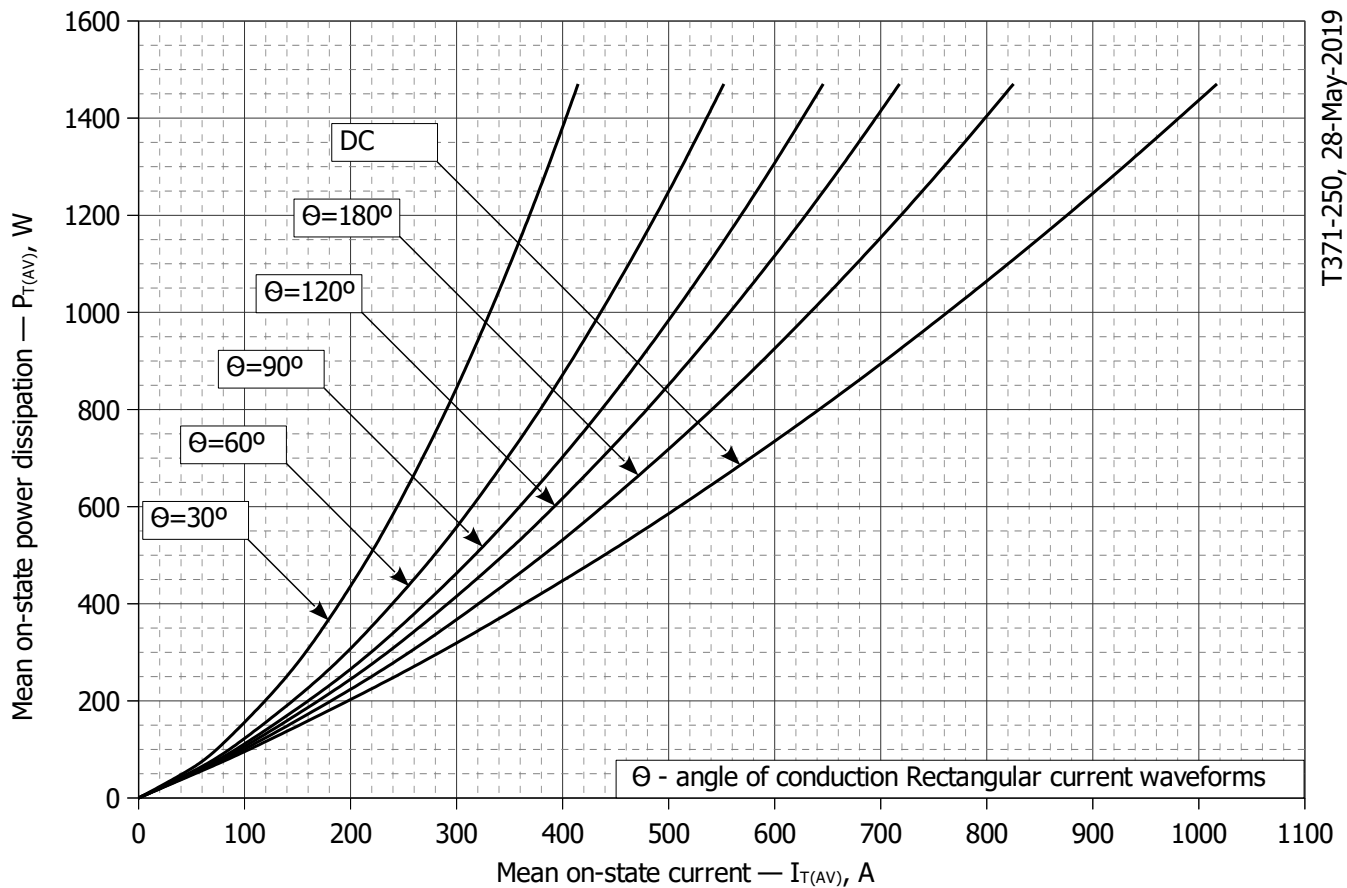


Fig 6 – Maximum recovery time t_{rr} vs. commutation rate di_R/dt (25% chord)



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Fig. 7 - Mean on-state power dissipation P_{TAV} vs. mean on-state current I_{TAV} for sinusoidal current waveforms at different conduction angles ($f=50\text{Hz}$)



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Fig. 8 – Mean on-state power dissipation P_{TAV} vs. mean on-state current I_{TAV} for rectangular current waveforms at different conduction angles and for DC ($f=50\text{Hz}$)

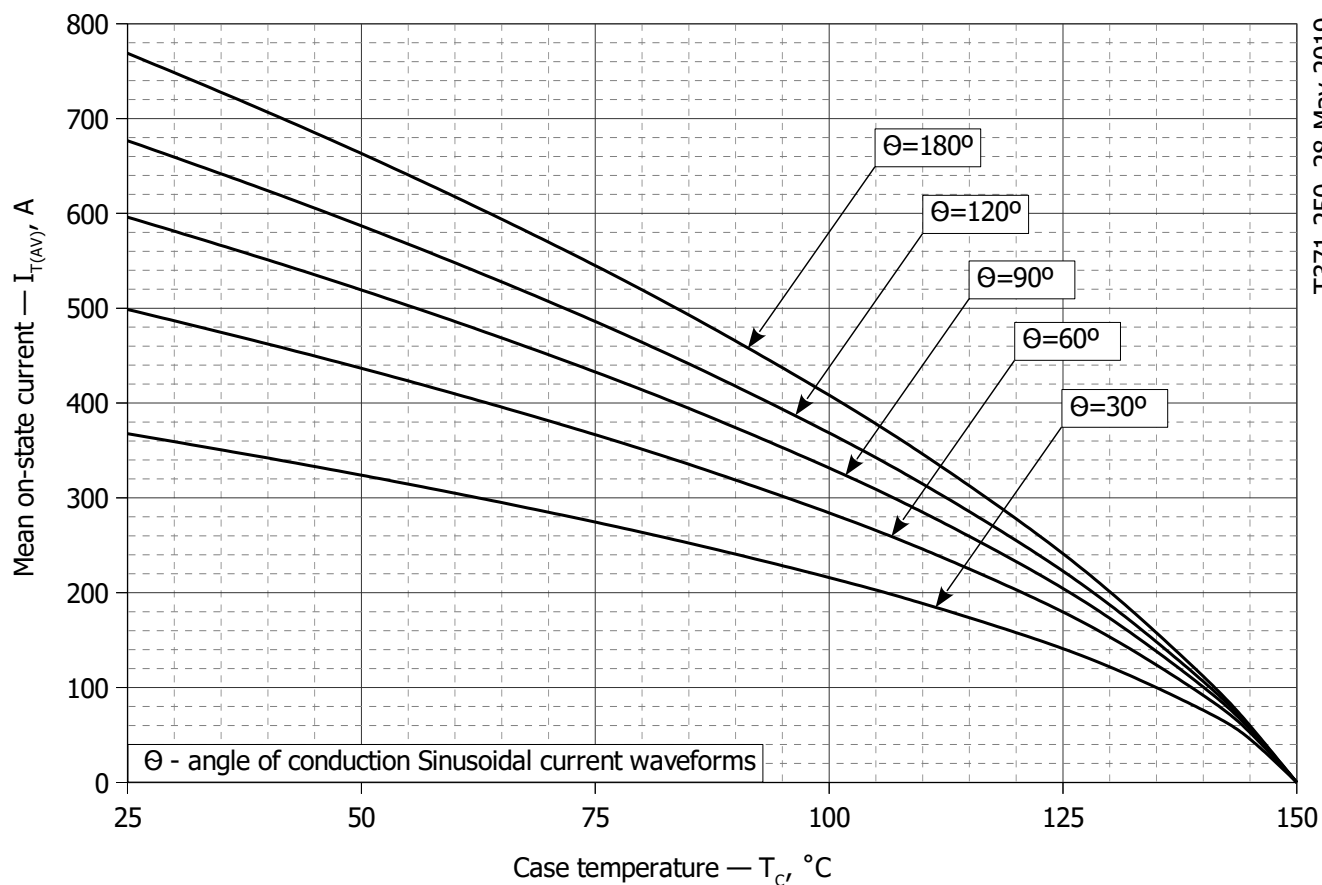


Fig. 9 – Mean on-state current I_{TAV} vs. case temperature T_c for sinusoidal current waveforms at different conduction angles ($f=50\text{Hz}$)

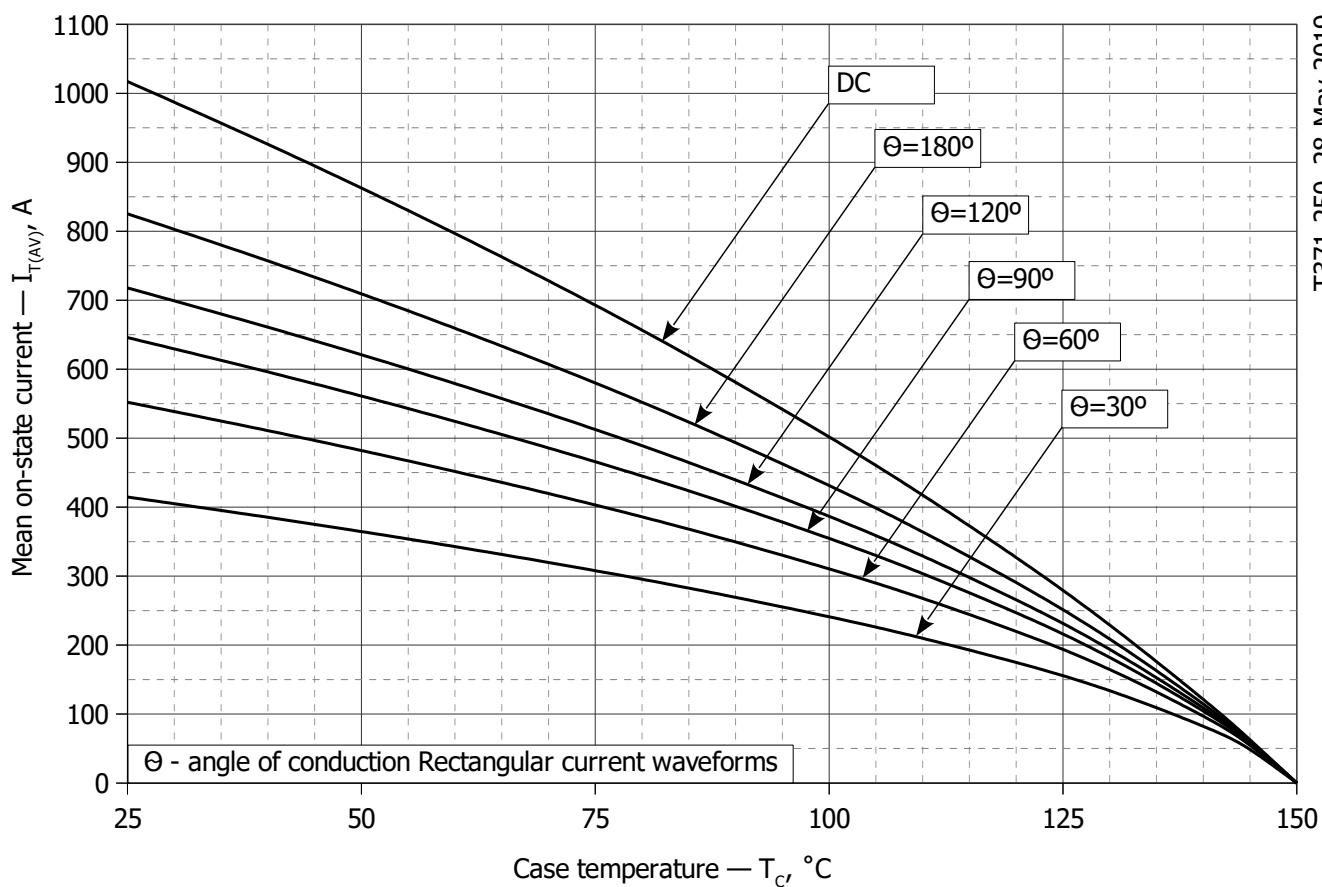


Fig. 10 - Mean on-state current I_{TAV} vs. case temperature T_c for rectangular current waveforms at different conduction angles and for DC ($f=50\text{Hz}$)

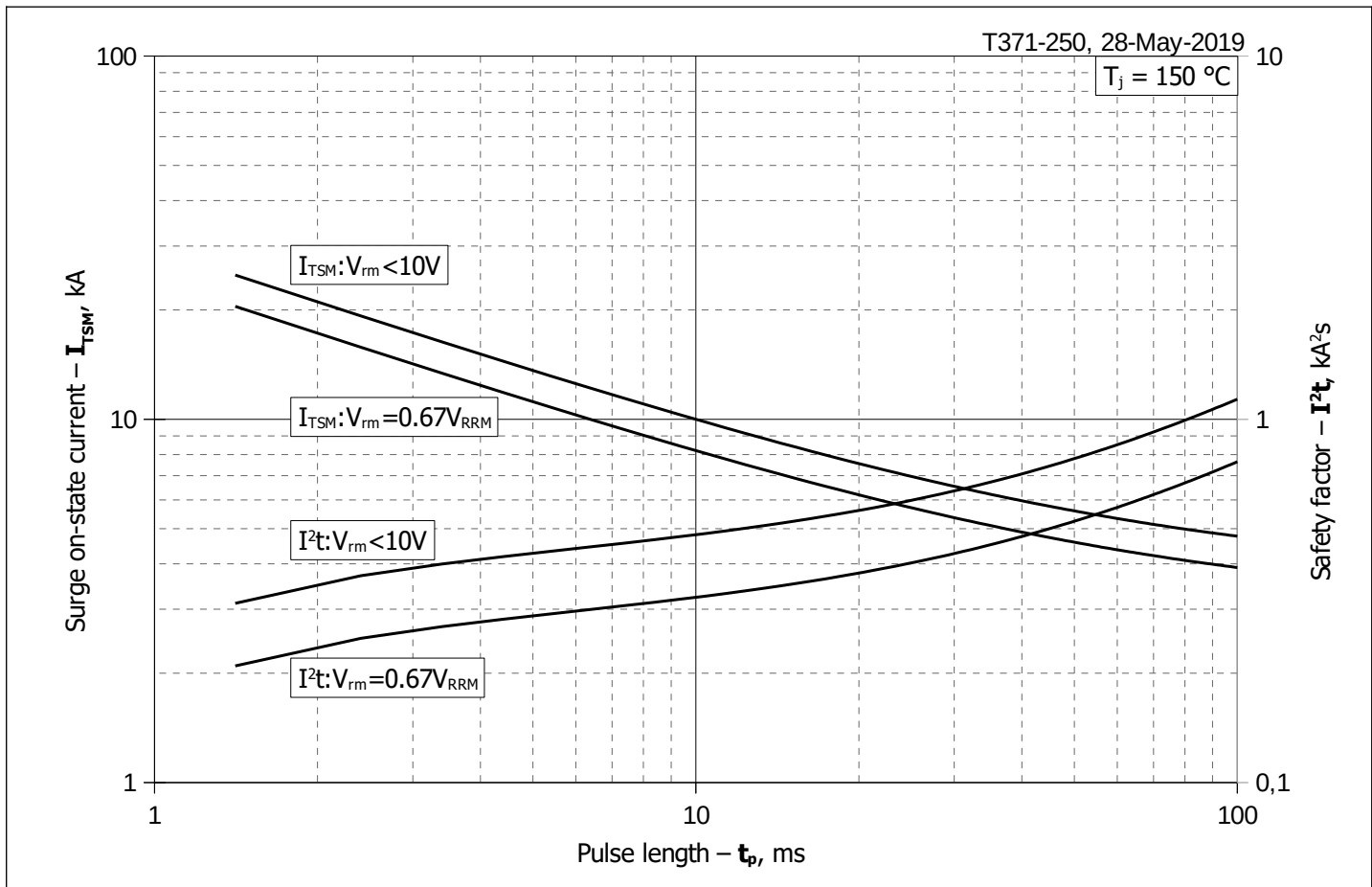


Fig. 11 – Maximum surge on-state current I_{TSM} and safety factor I^2t vs. pulse length t_p

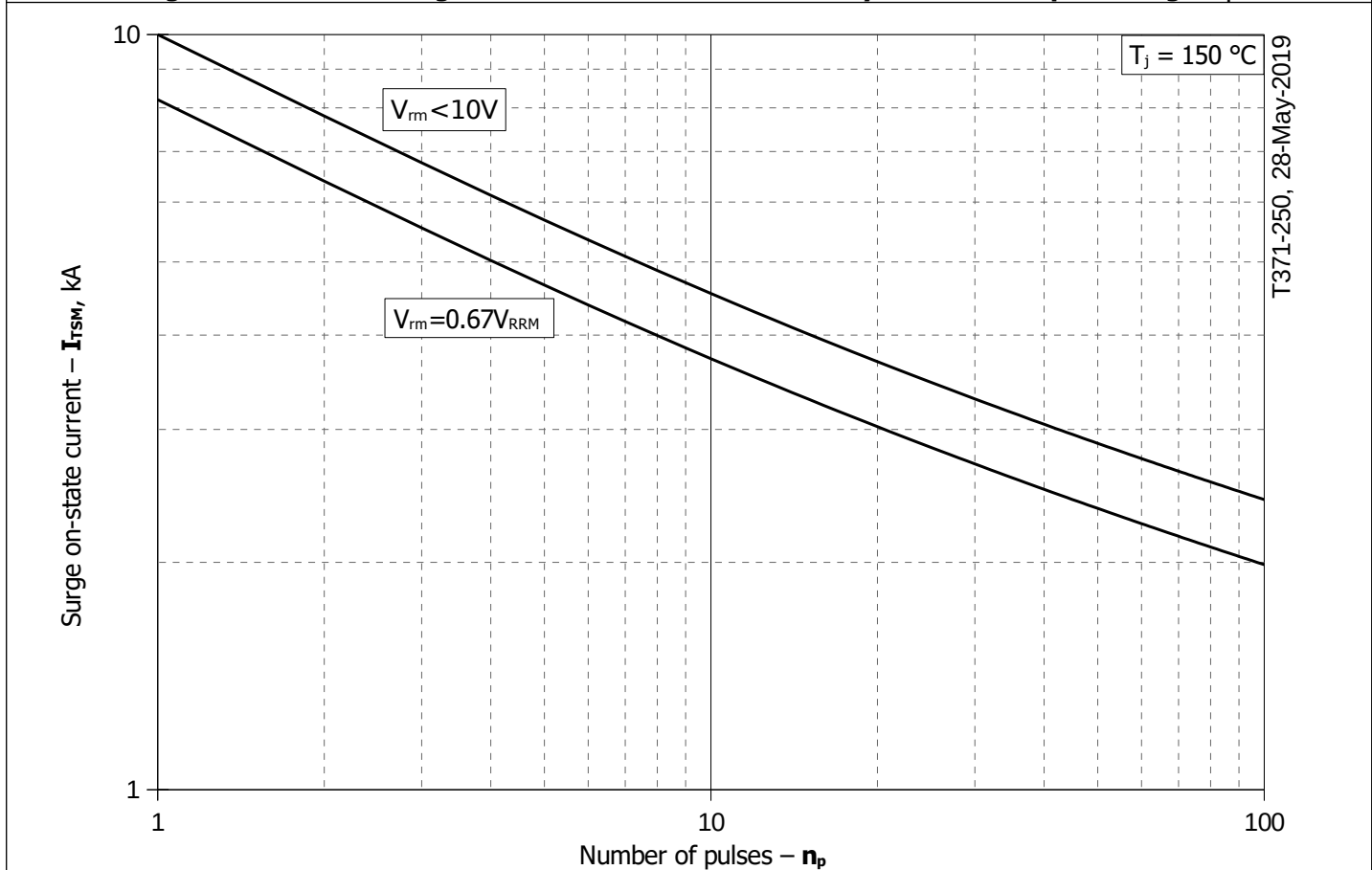


Fig. 12 - Maximum surge on-state current I_{TSM} vs. number of pulses n_p